Iran, whatever it further suffers, is going to win in the longer term

Iran says its commitment to JCPOA will be commensurate to France’s

By Maryam Qarehgozlou

Yemeni drone attack targets jet hangars at Saudi airport

By Martin Love

From Bazaar to Bourse

Almost all were sceptical of the sustainability of the policy in the medium and long term policy even bearing in mind the need for Indian lawmakers and Ministry of Petroleum for short term policies to cope with current sanctions.

Mr. Cook said: "The first point is that in the wide programme of "INEX, which is not acting as a Bourse (where financial instruments such as company shares are traded) but rather as a Bazaar, where physical goods are offered for sale either in private negotiation or auction."

This point is a major contribution to the question of how to think about how we might develop our society, and it is why I think it’s so important to think about how we might develop our society in the future.

Iranian Foreign Ministry

A day earlier, the network said almost all were sceptical of the INEX, as the regulator of the Chinese market, that the Chinese market is not acting as a Bourse (where financial instruments such as company shares are traded) but rather as a Bazaar, where physical goods are offered for sale either in private negotiation or auction.

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**Rouhani: U.S. fighting 82 million Iranians, not just government**

Several top Iranian officials have criticized the Trump administration, saying it is targeting all of Iran's citizens. During a meeting with students in Tehran, President Hassan Rouhani said the U.S. is fighting 82 million Iranians, not just the government. He added that the U.S. is targeting the country's economy and normal life of its people.

**POLITICAL**

President Hassan Rouhani has said the U.S. is fighting 82 million Iranians, not just the government, as the administration continues to impose sanctions on the Islamic Republic.

In a meeting with a large number of university students and representatives of the Islamic Republic of Iran's Student Kowsar Foundation on Tuesday, Rouhani underscored the significant role of the university students in the implementation process.

"They have misjudged the power of resistance, they have misjudged the readiness of the resistance, and they have not realized the power of the Iranian people," Rouhani said.

The president also praised the Iranian people for their continuation of the resistance campaign and said by imposing sanctions, the U.S. has not been able to achieve its desired goals.

"The U.S. administration, since its inception, has imposed sanctions to the maximum and the maximum pressure campaign was launched," Rouhani said.

"Unfortunately, these unlawful and unilateral measures have destroyed the international law, and the U.S. is fighting 82 million Iranians, not just the government," Rouhani added.

He said the U.S. is trying to prevent Iran from some of its rights, but the Iranian people have shown their readiness to continue the resistance campaign.

"The people of Iran are the best card that the U.S. has in their hands," Rouhani said.

The president also noted that Iran is preparing for the economic war and the U.S. sanctions will not have any impact on the country.

Rouhani said that by imposing sanctions, the U.S. is fighting 82 million Iranians, not just the government, and they should not expect any impact on the country's economy.

"The U.S. administration is fighting 82 million Iranians, not just the government," Rouhani said.

He added that the U.S. is not able to achieve its desired goals and the Iranian people are ready to continue the resistance campaign.

"The U.S. administration is not able to achieve its desired goals and the Iranian people are ready to continue the resistance campaign," Rouhani said.

The president also noted that the U.S. sanctions are not able to achieve the desired goals and the Iranian people are ready to continue the resistance campaign.

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Sanctions amount to military conflict with Iran: Saeed Jalili

TEHRAN – Saeed Jalili, a former chief nuclear negotiator, has criticized the U.S. officials that they are not after a war with Iran. Washington’s sanctions on the Iranians amount to an all-out military conflict, Press TV reported Tuesday.

The U.S. claims it is not after a military confrontation with Iran, and even seeks dialogue with the country, but it must know any of its sanctions on the Islamic Republic is considered an act of war by Iran, Jalili said.

Washington’s sanctions on Iran are nothing but a pre-war campaign, which seeks to disrupt the brotherly and friendly ties between the two nations.

Sanctions, he said, are acts of war, and the Iranian people do not adhere to the demands, and the Iranian nation does not follow what the U.S. wants, he added, accusing the U.S. of seeking to disrupt the brotherly and friendly ties between Iran and America, rather than working to improve them.

The United States in November announced re-imposition of the “harshest” sanctions ever against Iran in an attempt to curtail the country’s oil exports and put extra pressure on its economy.

However, a report by the International Crisis Group (ICG), called “On Thin Ice,” cites the results of an internal assessment by U.S. President Donald Trump’s administration and concludes the policy of “maximum pressure” against Iran has failed.

A preliminary internal assessment by the administration described by Crisis Group reportedly concluded that the U.S. approach has yet to curb Iran’s behavior or even Tehran back to the negotiating table, the ICG report says, citing an interview conducted by the group with a senior U.S. administration official this month.

The report says the United States has chosen the “maximum-pressure” strategy in the hope that it would be possible to weaken and impose regime change, but failed.

Jalili said on Tuesday that the OIC should not be a platform for division, but should not be turned into a place for division,” he said.

The Organization of Islamic Cooperation should be a platform for promoting unity rather than division.

The Organization of Islamic Cooperation and its summit, Mr. Jalili said, should shoulder a platform for promoting unity and integrity of the Islamic community, and should not be a platform to place itself in the middle of different situations during a meeting with ambassadors of the Islamic countries in Tehran.

The meeting was held amid an OIC summit in Mecca later this month.

Dehghani cited the results of an internal assessment by the U.S. as well, which the official this month.

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Nearly $3b paid for development projects in a month

ECONOMY TEHRAN – Head of the Ministry of Industry, Mines and Mining Organization Mohammad Reza Nobakht said that 30 major projects worth $3.17b (about 400 trillion rials) were supported by the CBI over the past months, Mehr news agency reported.

Dejpasand said the mentioned market is due to set the integrated forex market in the country by the end of the current Iranian calendar month of Kordad (June 21), IRNA reported.

Regarding this market, a CBI official said on May 5 that the CBI have done all legal preparations for this market, and the government specially by the CBI have taken the necessary steps to cause this market to be launched in a month.

Dejpasand said the ministry have done all legal preparations for the mentioned market.

He replied: “Yes indeed I do. IRENEX is well-placed and ready to be the domestic Iranian ECO trade liquidity hub, where a significant amount of hoarded gold and hard currencies can be exchanged, not only conventional pension investment but also the generous, but little used. Such prepaid energy investments currently sitting idle at people’s home in Iran.”

He said: “I certainly hope so. As you know, we hope the INSTEX system is no longer necessary? instead receive valuable oil product Energy Credit Obligation (ECO) instruments”. So, this answer encouraged me to ask whether he saw on INTELLIGENT IDEAS.

He replied: “Yes indeed I do. INSTEX is well-placed to be the domestic Iranian ECO trade liquidity hub, where large-scale wholesale market energy service providers interact with retail energy consumers. The Tehran Stock Exchange, on the other hand may fulfill the traditional function of bringing ECO investors together with investments in renewable energy, and especially energy efficiency and safety projects, where there are no laws in place such as what is known in Iran as the Article 12 incentives are granted to new and small-sized solar cells. Such prepaid energy investments give rise to a form of Energy Loan which offers from an Islamic Sharia point of view a sound method of mobilizing large-scale renewable investment but also the significant amount of hoarded gold and hard currencies which are currently sitting idle in people’s home in Iran.”

He had previously mentioned all the aforementioned concepts to Ministry of Petroleum, NIOC, OIPF, and Ministry of Energy in addition to many articles published by domestic media. I cannot understand why no one has so far even paid attention, let alone rejected my views on rational assumptions. However, the point which I must rephrase: I am interested to see the future of INSTEX, so that further workshops on the subject are convened.

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Oil prices fell on Wednesday after indications from the Organisation of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) that it will not significantly increase production in the near future. The price of Brent crude fell to $62.99 a barrel, down 11 cents. Investors were also concerned about the possibility of supply disruptions due to the sanctions imposed on Iran, which is a major oil producer. The paper says that while the world is facing a shortage of energy supplies, it appears to be heading in the wrong direction, with analyst expectations for a decrease in production. The cheapness of shale-oil drilling is revolutionizing the sector, but it won't produce enough oil to meet the forecasted demand. The problem with big oil is that they are not increasing production fast enough to meet the demand. The volatility in the price of oil is expected to continue, and this will make it difficult for companies to plan their operations. The oil price is likely to remain high, and this will have an impact on the global economy.
TEHRAN (FNA) – We are living in strange times.
The United Nations longstanding mandate to promote and protect human rights with international cooperation, under the right-wing nationalist governments and authoritarian regimes, has been undermined by the US and its allies.
The Geneva-based Offices of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) says six of the UN’s 10 treaty bodies are suffering from financial challenges due to underfunding and the US’s refusal to pay its fees.

The tendency to pay assessed contributions, which will have rights worldwide.
carry out their vital work to promote and protect human rights mechanisms. To put this in perspective, the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights should be able to provide detailed information on how the treaty bodies allocate their funding.

Meanwhile, the deliberate budget cuts come at a time when the UN is trying to get out of by hanging from the covers

The Geneva-based Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) says six of the UN’s 10 treaty bodies are suffering from financial challenges due to underfunding and the US’s refusal to pay its fees.

Meanwhile, the deliberate budget cuts come at a time when the UN is trying to get out of by hanging from the covers
Afghan politicians call for interim govt; ask Ghani to step down

By Abdul Wahid Hashadi

KABUL — There is a palpable buzz in Afghan politics; the ongoing presidential election, with people and politicians discussing, debating and operating the future of their war-torn country. A coalition of politicians are trying their best to determine whether the incumbent president's term expires on July 28, or is it till September 28, as new date for holding the elections was supposed to be held on April 22, but were delayed due to unexpected reasons. The current president should continue till September 28, as new date for holding the election, which means more delay and more concerns about the abbreviation of Constitutional norms.

In a declaration issued on April 1, the Supreme Court of Afghanistan extended President Ghani's term until the next election, but the Lawmakers of Afghanistan declared the decision illegal and called for the formation of an interim government. Now, there is an intense debate on whether the incumbent presidential candidate should give up his candidacy for the election and convene a Loya Jirga (a countrywide consultancy council) for the formation of a caretaker government. It has been demanded a caretaker government. Twelve president should continue till September 28 and the formation of a caretaker government. It has been demanded a caretaker government. Twelve president should continue till September 28 as new date for holding the elections were supposed to be held on April 22, but were delayed due to unexpected reasons.

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Collision that formed the moon also brought Earth water, planetary scientists claim

Without the moon and water, life on Earth wouldn’t be possible. New research out of Germany suggests both were delivered by a meteor, which collided with Earth 4.4 billion years ago.

Scientists have long puzzled over the origin of Earth’s water. Earth was formed in the inner solar system, and the inner solar system was dry. The solar system’s wet materials were relegated to the outer solar system.

Water-rich carbonaceous meteorites, for example, are some of the most water- rich materials on Earth. Non-carbonaceous meteorites from the inner solar system are without water.

At some point during Earth’s early history, carbonaceous meteorites likely brought in large quantities of water. But the details and timing of this delivery process aren’t well understood.

"The molybdenum isotopes allow us to clearly distinguish carbonaceous and non-carbonaceous material, and so each represents a ‘geometric fingerprint’ of material from the outer and inner solar system," analysis performed by Budde and his colleagues showed some of Earth’s molybdenum hails from the outer solar system. Because molybdenum is an important element, it must be a part of Earth’s core.

"To answer this question," Gerrit Budde, a researcher at the University of Münster’s Institute of Planetary Science, said in a news release, "I used molybdenum isotopes to understand the delivery process of water to Earth.

When NASA’s New Horizons spacecraft flew past Pluto in 2015, researchers hoped that its data would help them unravel some of the mysteries of the dwarf planet. They found, however, that the discovery made during the flyby was the discovery of an icy shell encapulating Pluto. The icy shell was thick enough to explain the size of the planet, scientists said. But this created a conundrum. Given the size of Pluto, estimated to be between 4.5 and 5 billion years, the planet should have frozen hundreds of millions of years ago. And rather than forming a bubble, the ice shell could have flattened over the frozen ocean.

But Pluto’s ice ocean isn’t so frozen, researchers revealed. They used computer simulations to model what might keep the ice liquid.

The model was published Monday in the journal Nature Geoscience. The most likely scenario is that the ocean and the ice shell that acts like an insulating layer. This layer of gas, probably methane that originated in Pluto’s rocky core when the dwarf planet was forming, would be thick and have low thermal conductivity. The researchers believe the layer exists in the form of gas hydrates, in which water molecules create lattice-like cages that trap gas molecules, according to the study. And this insulating layer would have the ice shell to take more than 10,000 years to achieve a uniform thickness.

"Pluto’s atmosphere is rich in nitrogen and ice on methane. The gas layer between the ice shell and the ocean might explain where the methane is," the researchers wrote.

The implications extend to other ice worlds in our solar system, like Jupiter’s moon Europa and Saturn’s moon Enceladus, as well as exoplanets. If insulating gas layers can keep subsurface oceans from freezing, there could be a wealth of worlds out there, the researchers said.

"This could mean there are more oceans in the universe than we’ve previously thought. Making the existence of extraterrestrial life much more plausible," said Shunichi Kamata, study author and assistant professor in the Department of Earth and Planetary Science at Hokkaido University in Japan, in a statement. (Source: CNN)

Why try to discover a sound that equals our own medium? According to Stan, understanding the limits of underwater sound could also help us understand the limits of water in space.

It’s not the sound of a massive underwater earthquake — it’s the sound of a “black hole” in your kitchen, hitting you with an even thinner X-ray laser.

Scientists have discovered what they believe is the loudest underwater sound. Using a technique that involved freezing their loudspeaker into a laser beam, Stan knew he was on to something.

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Scientists have discovered what they believe is the loudest possible underwater sound — a sound so powerful that it could vaporize objects, according to a study published in the journal Nature.

The researchers, led by Stan,Recorded at a series of ultra-slow-motion videos recorded at the LBNL National Accelerator Laboratory in Menlo Park, California, as part of a new study.

In the video, which was filmed in about 40 nanoseconds (0.00000004 seconds), the pulsed laser induced water to re-act as a liquid, creating a “molecular black hole” that sucked in everything in its path.

According to a news release, published by the LBNL National Accelerator Laboratory in Menlo Park, California, a new study has revealed that underwater sound could help researchers design future technologies. The researchers say that the underwater sound could potentially be used to create a “molecular black hole” that could help researchers design future technologies.

"This research provides a new perspective on the future potential of underwater sound, with implications for a variety of applications," said Stan, in a news release. (Source: CNN)

"That is about 200 times smaller than the number of people who have ever lived on Earth," he said. (Source: BBC)

"For 2100, the ice sheet contribution is very likely in the range of 30 to 50 centimeters, with a likely range of 29 to 47 centimeters," said the report. (Source: IPCC)
Remnants of Egyptian fortress once conquered by Achaemenid Persians discovered

The walls of the older fortresses are incredibly thick, measuring nearly 23 feet (7 meters) in width, the Egyptian Ministry of Antiquities reported in a statement. It also has four towers. In contrast, newer constructions in some of the rest of the country were more even, protected with walls that measured about 12 feet (4 meters) wide and 14 feet (4.5 meters) tall.

To achieve this height, the older citadel also has chambers filled with sand, broken pottery and debris, which may have helped to support its heavy walls. Nada Khaled, head of the Central Department of Antiquities, said in the statement.

What’s more, the Cyrus the Great, the Achaemenid Empire’s first sovereign, was born in Persia. The statement read: “Whoever held the fort faced a formidable army.”

Hisham Hussein, director general of North Cairo Governorate, said: “If they want to launch an additional and alternative platform. They have no right to prevent the presence of the public sector.”

He was trained under master locksmiths in Tehran and Alborz province, according to a statement by the Labor Ministry, and lived in Damascus for many years. He died in 610 B.C.

Harteveldt believes there are many perks to booking through a travel advisor. “You always get more for your money when you use an advisor,” he says. “It’s a no-brainer.”

He died in 610 B.C. Based on this amateur, scholarly-based evidence, the fortress must probably date back to the first half of the 26th Dynasty, association with Persian King Psamtik I, the Sasanians makes the fortress a candidate for the Persianizing Egypt, the Ministry of Antiquities, Live Science reported.

Though at a slower rate when compared with the last two years, the 4% increase registered in early 2019 is a very significant out-turn that compares well to the Tourism sector has a remarkable potential to mitigate its impact on the environment and society and translate it into better jobs and better lives, Mr. Po- 

The excavation also uncovered an almost 230-foot-long (70 m) wall on the fortress’s southern side and the remains of three of its four gates, located on the Western side of the fortress. One of these ‘tower gates’ is known for the tomb of King Psamtik I, who kicked out the Assyrians from Egypt and re-established the throne of the Saites.

Archaeologists have also found the ruins of a prehistorical fortress, which is near to present-day Sakkara, which is considered a candidate for the location of the fortress. The excavation is still ongoing, and the work will be completed in the first half of the year

The team led by Hisham Hussein, director general of North Sinai Governorate, managed to re-open the site for public visits.

With its network of canals and artificial islands, it testifies to the efforts of the Aztec people to build a habitable in the midst of an unfavorable environment. Its characteristic urban and rural structures, built since the 16th century and during the last quarter of a millennium, represent an exceptional example of urban planning, the regular spacing of its plazas and streets, and the splendid of its religious architecture is a prime example of Spanish settlements in the New World. The monuments, groups of buildings or sites located at the heart of the contemporary urban areas of the city, and the Cádiz Royal Palace are all located in the heart of the city that has dominated the region for many centuries.

Though at a slower rate when compared with the last two years, the 4% increase registered in early 2019 is a very significant out-turn that compares well to the Tourism sector has a remarkable potential to mitigate its impact on the environment and society and translate it into better jobs and better lives, Mr. Po- 

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Can connected technology ever become more ethical?

Thanks to advances in mobile connectivity, we are now able to connect to most devices through our mobile phones. Moving forward, the opportunities to expand beyond simple communications to mobile phones will be what drives connectivity. With Internet of Things (IoT) technology and the inevitable introduction of 5G, the pace of technology is rapidly developing and we must begin planning for this future.

Technology has the potential to enable a standard of living in ways previously unthought of. To better predict the future of technological development, a case study is required to understand how businesses can work towards having a more inclusive, less-restrictive future. This includes creating connected technology and the introduction of 5G.

Businesses continually reevaluate their strategies and must work to adapt to new technologies as our world becomes more connected. When we reflect on the devices we use, we must balance our ever-changing device-to-device connections. In the years to come, every aspect of our lives - from how we live, with the implementation of 5G, our commer-
cial, and social interactions - will have apps which rely on the same digital systems that manufacturing, and healthcare, organizations will also make sure.

When the Internet was first designed, nobody thought about how the business of data would be created and the potential business opportunities that would be generated. Today, we have been retro-fitting security and regu-
lation to a system that was never designed to better predict the future of technological development. Most IoT technologies are now being designed with data in mind, resulting in better design and implementation. There-}

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First startup weekend on senior care to be held

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Iran, Indonesia ink MOU to enhance health co-op

TEHRAN – Iranian Health Minister Sadat-Noor and his Indonesian counterpart Nila Moeloek have signed a memorandum of understanding (MOU) to expand cooperation in the health sector, IRNA reported on Wednesday.

The two officials met on the sidelines of the 2nd World Health Assembly being convened from May 20 to 28 in Geneva, Switzerland.

Annually held in Geneva, the World Health Assembly is the decision-making body of World Health Organization (WHO). The main functions of the World Health Assembly are to determine the policies of the Organization, appoint the Director-General, supervise financial policies, review and approve the proposed program budget.

As per the MOU, the two countries will enhance cooperation in fields of medical education and research and development, health services, medical emergencies and crisis management, prevention of non-communicable diseases, infectious diseases, violence and injury prevention, management of mental health and substance abuse, and prevention of contagious diseases.

Under the terms of the agreement, both sides will augment cooperation in Primary Health Care, which is an essential health care base on a country level, and provide medical services and necessary care to the communities, families, and children.

The two-day Global Conference on Primary Health Care was held in Tehran in 2017.

Philanthropists support 28,000 orphans, deprived children

TEHRAN – Iranian benefactors have made donations of 1.2 billion rials ($33 million) for 28,000 orphaned or deprived children, Tehran Times reported.

There are currently 550,000 philanthropists attached to 28,000 orphaned or deprived children, as well as children living in financial distress, who are supported by the philanthropists. IRNA quoted Alinezhad Asgari as saying on Wednesday.

The foundation also intends to build housing units for families who cannot afford to build them, he added.

Last year, benefactors have announced contributions of 550 million rials ($16 million) to help 28,000 children, he highlighted.

He further called on the donors to join hands and support 20,000 orphans, or deprived children at the city level.

Vast vegetation cover increases wild fire risk during summer

The level of water in Lake Urmia, northwestern Iran, has increased by 33 centimeters compared to the same last year, head of the provincial department for the Lake Urmia restoration program in West Azarbaijan province has said.

Currently, the volume of Velloskiy Lake stands at 1.920 billion cubic meters which experienced 250 million cubic meters increase compared to last year which was recorded at 1.250 bcm, ISNA quoted Farhad Sarkhos as saying on Wednesday.

He further called on the people and environment enthusiasts who camp in nature to take safety precautions and avoid starting any fire that may hurt the environment.

He added that people should call in case of any emergency services immediately on 1540, he concluded.

Queen Sakizkar, commander of the forest protection unit of the Kermanshah Forest and Water Management Organization, said in April 2018 that some 15,500 hectares of land burned in 2017, and during the same period, 7,500 hectares of land has been damaged by humans is considered.

Forest officials have reported that the economic burden amounting to 350 million rials ($9.15 million) per hectare for the country, he added.

According to Richards Tree Service website, a 10-year-old Oak tree and a single fire indicates one-acre size fire. An estimated 213,000 acres of land burned in 2017, which is equivalent to the size of 350 hectares.

Sakizkar added that the level of water in Lake Urmia rises by 33 cm.

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Saudi Arabia to execute three prominent scholars after Ramadan

TEHRAN — Saudi officials are reportedly set to sentence three imprisoned dissident scholar-politicians to death by firing squad in the coming days, just three months after the holy fasting month of Ramadan had ended.

The decision, taken by the government of King Salman bin Abdul Aziz, was reportedly made in response to the suspected involvement of the three men in a plot to attack the leadership of the village of Al-Qassim, which is located in the eastern province of Al-Qassim.

The three men, who are reportedly being held at the Al-Qassim Prison, have been charged with forming a “terrorist cell” and plotting to attack government officials. They are also accused of spreading false information about the government and its policies.

The decision comes as Saudi Arabia is facing increased pressure from the international community to improve its human rights record. The government has been criticized for its treatment of prisoners of conscience and its use of the death penalty.

A family member of one of the men told Human Rights Watch that his family was being held in solitary confinement without access to legal aid or family visits. The family member said they were being held because they had expressed support for the government’s policies.

The move is likely to further strain relations between Saudi Arabia and the international community, which has been critical of the kingdom’s treatment of prisoners of conscience and its use of the death penalty.

The three men’s families have called on the international community to intervene and ensure their release. They have also called for an independent investigation into the matter.

Saudi Arabia has been a key player in the Middle East for decades, and its actions have significant implications for the region. The kingdom’s policies and decisions can affect everything from oil prices to human rights to security in the area.

The move is also likely to be seen as a warning to others who may consider similar actions. The kingdom has a history of using the death penalty as a deterrent, and this decision is likely to send a strong message to others who may consider similar actions.

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Olympic marathon silver medalist Kirwa suspended for doping

Bahraini Olympic marathon's silver medalist Eunice Kirwa has been provisionally suspended after failing a doping test, the Athletics Integrity Unit (AIU) said in a statement on Wednesday.

Kirwa is the second marathon podium finisher at Rio to test positive for the same substance after Kenya's marathon champion, among whom was Kirwa, who was suspended for four years by her country's anti-doping agency (ADAK) in 2017.

The AIU said it had opened a provisional suspension against... Bruhns long-distance runner Eunice Jepkirui Kirwa ... for a violation of the IAAF's (International Association of Athletics Federations)' Anti-Doping Rules, AIU said in a statement.

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In a new statement, AIU said... "On Tuesday, it said... "On Tuesday, it said..." On a given day, best of five (sets), with one day between each... to explore the best solution for all fans attending the Women's World Cup and, in particular, are doing everything they can to ensure that families will be seated together at each and every match." The Lionsesses have said fans who bought multiple tickets from Football Association website will be sitting next to each other.

BeIN media CEO charged in corruption probe

The chief executive officer of media group beIN was handed preliminary charges of corruption as part of an investigation into the finances of the former champions in Qatar at in a judicial... said the 18-year-old Frenchman had been handed preliminary charges of corruption as part of an investigation into the finances of the former champions in Qatar at the behest of the General Court.

However, the General Court decided the commission had... "The allegations raised are not only utterly baseless and unsubstantiated, but they have been, quite simply, maliciously aimed at... whereas the media, for the avoidance of any doubt,均有 surveillance and that allegations are completely unfounded and unfounded.

On behalf of the government and lo... Security, added: "We made our point clearly to... to withdraw the ticket and try to swap it with someone in the same area. There can be no swap between fans located in different areas of the stadium that suggests that the problem is greater than... security, and that nothing would happen here in terms of safety and security."

In an email response to a complaint from a fan, the AIU... But in an email response to a complaint from a fan, the AIU... "To find out just 18 days before the tournament kicks off that fans and families who have bought tickets face the prospect... to request tickets for the semi-finals and... those who have been separated from their children.

The tournament's mötzen was... "On a given day, best of five (sets), with one day between each... to explore the best solution for all fans attending the Women's World Cup and, in particular, are doing everything they can to ensure that families will be seated together at each and every match." The Lionsesses have said fans who bought multiple tickets from Football Association website will be sitting next to each other.

Women’s World Cup: Fiona ‘does everything together’ to seat families

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Djokovic conqueror has mountain to climb at French Open

Djokovic's exploits on clay... during the best solution for all fans attending the Women's World Cup and, in particular, are doing everything they can to ensure that families will be seated together at each and every match. "The Lionsesses have said fans who bought multiple tickets from Football Association website will be sitting next to each other.

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Iranian Chess player wins Abu Dhabi Champs

IRNA — Iranian Chess player Sara Sadat Khadem al-Sharieh has earned 92,000 ar. men in the 2022 World Cup, Qatar will be the most important cycling event, namely the summer Olympics.

I N T E R N A T I O N A L  D A I L Y

MNA — Iranian comedian Majid Nourizadeh has been invited by Union Cycliste Internationale (UCI) to officiate at road cycling event of 2022 Olympics in Tokyo.

The cycling competitions of the 2022 Summer Olympics in Tokyo will feature 22 events. Since the 1976 Olympics which featured the track events and an 87 km road race from Athens to Marathon and back, Olympic cycling had gradually evolved into a full-fledged sport with women’s road and mountain bike and BMX to arrive at the current 22 events.

The road cycling event will take place on August 1.

The cycling competition will be part of the 2022 Summer Olympics in Tokyo, which will feature five track events and an 87 km road race from Athens to Marathon and back, Olympic cycling had gradually evolved into a full-fledged sport with women’s road and mountain bike and BMX to arrive at the current 22 events.

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Radio Iran honors storyteller Maryam Nashiba

Hossein Abazari – Radio Iran honored Maryam Nashiba, the veteran storyteller who has been telling bedtime stories for kids on the radio program “Good Night Kids” since 1970, for her lifetime achievements during a special ceremony in Tehran on Tuesday.

The ceremony was attended by Academy of Persian Language and Literature Director Mohammad-Jafar Mohammadzadeh, and a number of cultural figures.

Speaking at the ceremony, Hadi-Adel pointed to the recent speeches of Leader of the Islamic Revolution Ayatollah Seyyed Ali Khamenei who had warned politicians and liars of the decay of the Persian language and said, “This is not the first time this has been mentioned. He has also instructed the Supreme Council of Cultural Revolution to preserve the Persian language.”

At the annual meeting with poets and literati on Monday night, the Leader said, “I am very concerned about the Persian language, because in general, the Persian language has fallen into decay. He also criticized Persian media and Islamic Republic of Iran Broadcasting (IRIB) for disregarding the state language, labeling “futile languages” and foreign terms and words as ‘necessary’ or the ‘language of the educated’ and literati, ‘Don’t let the Persian language fall into decay, it is our mother language!’”

Mohammadzadeh, in his brief remarks also expressed his surprise about preserving the Persian language and added, “My colleagues and I do not let the Persian language fall into decay; We have always been working on protecting the Persian language and considering Radio Iran a base for the Persian language through different programs such as making use of Persian texts, introducing Persian language and producing Iranian music.”

A poster for the play “Curse of the Starving Class” that will be staged by Iranian director Ashkan Khalati in Tehran.

Iran, Iraq discuss plan to make film on Daesh attack

TEHRAN – Iran and Iraq discuss plan to make film on Daesh attack

The play has been published in Persian by Fitz Prolug Publications in Tehran along with Shahpari’s 1985 play “Foot of Love”, both translated by Khalati, in a book titled “Love and Curse”.

Amirpour Dargazanlou, Palestinian, Noor Khatibi and Hamid Seyedi are the main members of the four-person cast, the play, which has been written by Oleh Ismail, will be performed in Iran.

Some critics highlighted the movie’s patchy atmosphere, flashes of violence that Tarantino is known for, and disturbingly explicit moments that followed the premiere. However, the movie’s unique style,including its use of music, sets, and choreography, earned it strong reviews from critics and audiences alike.

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A 2-volume encyclopedia of Persian language and literature compiled by Sasan Saidat published by the Academy of Persian Language and Literature was also unveiled at the ceremony. The ceremony came to an end by unveiling a portrait of Nashiba.