Iranian-made medicine raises hope to treat severe cases of COVID-19

The Taliban rejoin Afghan govt conditional prisoner release order

Offering state-owned shares to be expedited

Iranian Foreign Minister, Javad Zarif, also tweeted in Chinese, saying, "As the first case of COVID-19 reported in China, Iran has conveyed its sympathy to the people of China. Iran is using all means to prevent and control the spread of the disease in Iran and its region. Iran is ready to cooperate with China to fight the disease and other countries to ensure the health and safety of the people of the region and the world." The tweet was in response to a question about Iran-China relations.

The Iranian health ministry spokesman Kianoush Jahanpour said, "The Iranian health ministry is following the latest developments in the fight against COVID-19. The ministry is working to reduce the fear among the Iranians and to prevent the spread of the disease. The ministry is also working to provide accurate information to the public." The Iranian health ministry has been working to prevent the spread of the disease in Iran and its region.

Barham Salih announces deadline for nominating Iraqi PM

Iraq's Prime Minister, Adel Abdul Mahdi, has announced the deadline for nominating the new prime minister. The deadline is set for Thursday, 14 March. Abdul Mahdi had announced on 10 March that he would resign as prime minister after the parliament failed to elect a new prime minister. The parliament has been unable to elect a new prime minister since the resignation of Haider al-Abadi in October 2019.

Abdul Mahdi's resignation came after the parliament failed to elect a new prime minister. The deadline for nominating the new prime minister is set for Thursday, 14 March. Abdul Mahdi had announced on 10 March that he would resign as prime minister after the parliament failed to elect a new prime minister. The parliament has been unable to elect a new prime minister since the resignation of Haider al-Abadi in October 2019.

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Iranian boxers secure berths at 2020 Olympics

The Iranian boxers have secured berths at the 2020 Olympics in Tokyo. The Iranian boxing team has been preparing for the Olympics for several years. The team has been working hard to qualify for the Olympics and has been training in several countries. The team has been working hard to qualify for the Olympics and has been training in several countries.

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Rare paintings confirm Iranian origins of neyeanban

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Coronavirus has many features of ‘biological warfare’

The pandemic is considered a biological threat due to its ability to rapidly spread across the globe. The virus is transmitted through respiratory droplets, making it difficult to control its spread. The pandemic has caused significant economic and social disruptions, with a significant impact on healthcare systems and economies worldwide. The pandemic has also prompted a global response, with countries implementing restrictions and interventions to control its spread.

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Iranian Health Minister, Hassan Rouhani, has said that the country has taken significant steps to control the spread of the disease. The government has implemented strict measures to prevent the spread of the disease, including lockdowns, travel restrictions, and the use of contact tracing apps. The government has also provided significant financial support to those affected by the pandemic.

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Iran says IAEA questions should be technical, legal

POLITICAL TEHRAN – Foreign Ministry spokesman Abbas Mousavi was quoted as saying on Wednesday that the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) has never been used or stored before Iran concluded the nuclear deal, which would give the IAEA access to Iran’s nuclear facilities.

Mousavi said that Atomic Energy Organization of Iran has been using the facilities before Iran joined the agreement, which “is not clear”.

Referring to the statement of the IAEA on Tuesday, Mousavi said that the IAEA has no right to ask questions of Iran about the use of the facilities before the agreement, unless the IAEA has been using the facilities.

Rouhani says we have to cut chain of COVID-19 spread

POLITICAL TEHRAN – President Hassan Rouhani said on Wednesday that it is important to control the spread of the coronavirus in Iran.

Rouhani said that Iran has the capacity to control the spread of the virus, but it needs to be done with the cooperation of the people.

Rouhani also said that the spread of the virus can be controlled with the cooperation of the people, and that the government needs to cooperate with the people.

He also said that the government needs to cooperate with the people in order to control the spread of the virus.

The government should cooperate with the people in order to control the spread of the virus, Rouhani added.

It is important to control the spread of the coronavirus in Iran, Rouhani said.

He also called on people to cooperate with the government in order to control the spread of the virus.

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Adviser highlights Iran, Turkey talks on Syria

**TEHRAN**—Hossein Amir Abdollahian, a senior foreign policy advisor to President Hassan Rouhani, has met with his Russian counterpart, Deputy Foreign Minister Vassily Nebenzia, in Moscow. During the meeting, Amir Abdollahian said it is important to implement agreements reached in the Astana process on Idlib.

Pointing to situations around the northwestern province of Idlib, he said a “good basis for ending the fighting in the Idlib region has been created.”

He added that it is important to focus on cooperation between Iran and Turkey, saying that Tehran and Ankara have increased cooperation in the framework of the Astana process to turn the Syrian crisis into a “peace process.”

**MARCH 12, 2020**

**IRAN IN FOCUS**

There’s no universal method to fight coronavirus, says envoy

**TEHRAN**—Iran’s permanent representative to the United Nations, Reza Najafi, has said there is no universal method to fight the coronavirus, pointing out that each country is taking an approach that meets its needs.

“Countering coronavirus in each country is entirely on the basis of the unique conditions of that country and there’s no universal criterion for this,” Najafi said in an interview on IRIB TV’s “Morning News” program on Tuesday.

He added that some countries have also tried to take the best and most effective decision,” he added, saying that Iran is also taking an “invaluable initiative, tasked all for- eign missions to collect and share their experiences.”

As of Wednesday, the death toll from the coronavirus outbreak in Iran has risen to 3,213 with 19,000 confirmed cases.

The World Health Organization (WHO) has reported 112,000 global deaths and a total of 540,000 cases as of 31 March, according to the WHO's global health risk dashboard.

**MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS**

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**DEFENSE MINISTRY**

There are no medical conditions that lead to the death of coronavirus, says envoy

Tehran calls on Britain to prevent fake news on coronavirus outbreak in Iran

**TEHRAN**—The Foreign Ministry’s spokesman, Abbas Mousavi, has advised British authorities to be cautious about health news circulating in Iran, especially on social media in the aftermath of the coronavirus outbreak.

In a tweet on Tuesday, Mousavi said, “As has been the case with other countries, the coronavirus outbreak in Iran is an inevitable event which requires us to share medical information with the public, the press and the world. The hidden and those with other medical conditions can be among the most susceptible people to the disease.”

He added that the British government should be aware of the situation of the coronavirus outbreak in Iran and take necessary measures to prevent the spread of the disease in the country.

**IRON MINISTRY**

There are no medical conditions that lead to the death of coronavirus, says envoy

Mousavi underlined that such policy has nothing to do with the rules of international law and the United Nations Charter with the coronavirus, and advised Saudi Arabia to refrain from politicizing the coronavirus situation and pinning the blame on others in this regard.

Saudi Arabia has been blaming Iran, especially on social media and other platforms, that Saudi Arabia has not been responsible for the spread of the virus, Arab News reported.

Iran and Saudi Arabia have been engaged in a propaganda war over the coronavirus pandemic and the virus spread in the two countries, with each country blaming the other for spreading the virus.

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Offering state-owned shares are to be expedited

Iron ore output to exceed 100 million tons by Mar. 19

The Covid-19 outbreak has dramatically increased the risk of a global recession. According to the IMF, the global economy expanded by only a 0.9% in 2020, barely above the level of 0.8% in 2009, which was the peak of the global recession. The economic impact of Covid-19 could easily magnify the adverse effects of every crisis. It will be a China-centric global recession in how it started, how it would play out, and how it would end.

The epicenter of the Covid-19 outbreak is the city of Wuhan in Hubei province in China. The Chinese government’s authority and the Chinese people’s strong sense of national pride have helped Covid-19 to spread outside of Wuhan. Since the virus outbreak, the Chinese government has imposed a series of measures to reduce the spread of the virus, such as strict social distancing, the use of personal protective equipment, and the testing and isolation of patients. These efforts have significantly reduced the transmission of the virus and helped to contain the outbreak.

Secondly, global economic production today is highly dependent on China-centric global supply chains. China is the world’s largest manufacturing hub, with a population of over 1.4 billion people. The country has become the world’s largest manufacturing hub and the world’s largest exporter. China’s exports account for about one-fifth of the world’s total exports. The Chinese government has announced that it will continue to support its manufacturing sector and will take measures to prevent the spread of the virus. This will help to maintain the supply of goods that are essential to the global economy.

A China-centric global recession?

By Yuwa Hedrick-Wong

The Covid-19 outbreak has dramatically increased the risk of a global recession. According to the IMF, the global economy expanded by only a 0.9% in 2020, barely above the level of 0.8% in 2009, which was the peak of the global recession. The economic impact of Covid-19 could easily magnify the adverse effects of every crisis. It will be a China-centric global recession in how it started, how it would play out, and how it would end.

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Oil falls as Saudi Aramco aims to increase output capacity

Oil prices fell on Wednesday, giving up as much as 500,000 bpd, sending the Russian rouble weaker by up to 300,000 bpd and could increase it by 4.0 million barrels of crude in store.

The official also noted that the energy ministry is planning to boost oil production capacity for the entire country across the country every year.

Russia mulls increasing oil output up to 500,000 bpd: Novak

Russia could potentially increase oil production by up to 500,000 bpd in the near term, although the country has sought for further cooperation with OPEC in the future, Energy Minister Alexander Novak said on Tuesday.

OPEC and Russia failed to agree on production cuts last Friday, causing oil prices to crash by over 30 percent on Monday. Walking on the razor's edge, Novak declared that everyone was free to pump oil as will still April.

Russia's output is expected to grow 1.31 million bpd of crude before the outbreak in January, representing about a 75 percent utilization rate.

Italy's oil, gas infrastructure stays online as country goes into lockdown

Italy's key oil refining and gas supply infrastructure remained largely unaffected by the coronavirus outbreak and lockdowns across the country, according to a report on Tuesday.

Saudi Arabia, Russia raise stakes in oil production standoff

Saudi Arabia said on Tuesday it would boost its oil supplies to a record high in April, raising the stakes in a standoff with Russia and effectively rebuffing Moscow's suggestion for new talks.

The crash of oil prices on Wednesday, giving up as much as 500,000 bpd, could increase Russia's output capacity for the year by up to 300,000 bpd and could increase it by 4.0 million barrels of crude in store.

Russia rejected OPEC+ call to deepen existing supply cuts, prompting OPEC to scrap all production limits.

The official also noted that the energy ministry is planning to boost oil production capacity for the entire country across the country every year.

Despite dazzled with OPEC, Novak praised the effective cooperation of the so-called OPEC+ grouping over the past three years, during which time they have pumped over 100,000 bpd and killed more than 37,000 people.

The accumulated funds will help Russia to support the ruble and provide the necessary resources to the Russian financial system, Novak said, adding that the funds will help cope with the sharp drop in crude oil prices.

"We may reach new agreements if needed," Novak said, regarding cooperation with OPEC and non-OPEC countries.

The next meeting of OPEC and non-OPEC ministers is scheduled for May 5.

Riyadh rift

Saudi Arabia has already pumped 1.31 million bpd of crude before the outbreak in January, representing about a 75 percent utilization rate.

The risk Russia is facing is that it could find itself on the losing end of a sharp oil price slide due to the spread of the coronavirus outbreak.

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Iranian Ideal Tobacco Company located at Qazvin Ave, Qazvin square, Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran, Zip code: 1331839182, intends to purchase below non tobacco raw materials through international tender:

Please note the following:

- Tender documents in English and Farsi will be obtainable from March/12/2020 till April/11/2020 at Iranian Ideal Tobacco Company, Tender and Contracts Secretariat Office, Qazvin Ave, Qazvin square, Tehran, Iran, or from the national tender website: www.iets.MPORG.ir register the participation process and receive tender documents.

- The samples of each item and the related data sheet and safety data sheet should be dispatched in standard reinforced packing format as be below to Security Office, located at Golchin Building, Iranian Tobacco Company, Qazvin Ave, Qazvin square, Tehran, Iran, P.O.Box: 1331838734 exact and complete information of vendor should be indicated on each sample.

- The samples are receivable from March/12/2020 till April/11/2020.

- Offers must be submitted to our Tender and Contracts Secretariat Office located at, Iranian Ideal Tobacco Company, Qazvin Ave, Qazvin square, Tehran, Islamic Republic of Iran. Zip Code: 1331839182 until April/27/2020.

- For more information, you can contact to 0098 21-51261920, IITC’s Tender and Contracts Secretariat Office.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
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<td>5 Bobins of each size</td>
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<td>Filter rod</td>
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<tr>
<td>60 kgs of each kind</td>
<td>Glue and triacetine</td>
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</table>

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Mbs and the risky adventure of seizing the throne

**Mbs condition will get worse after Saltan death: Paul Pillar**

**A.** The Trump administration seems to be satisfied with having a close relationship with Saudi Arabia, even though this has meant largely looking the other way regarding the murder of Jamal Khashoggi. The policy risks associating the United States with controversial policies of MBS, and antagonizing elites and governments in Saudi Arabia that may yet successfully oppose him.

**B.** The Trommen administration has faced a difficult domestic and political dynamic, including music concerts and strikes in so-called social and labor parties. In 2019, the MBS administration has faced a complex and often hostile situation, including a critical role for the Persian Gulf and the Israeli-Arab war.

**C.** The Trump administration seems to be satisfied with having a close relationship with Saudi Arabia, even though this has meant looking the other way regarding the murder of Jamal Khashoggi. The policy risks associating the United States with controversial policies of MBS, and antagonizing elites and governments in Saudi Arabia that may yet successfully oppose him.

**D.** The Trommen administration has faced a complex and often hostile situation, including a critical role for the Persian Gulf and the Israeli-Arab war.

**U.S. intervention impedes Iran's right to health, worsens coronavirus crisis: official**

**GLOBAL TIMES** — US sanctions are still obstructing Iran’s access to medical equipment, aggravating Iran’s burgeoning health crisis under stagnation by insufficient trade and a lack of crucial medical supplies, said Iranian residents reached by the Global Times.

The generosity and kindness of Chinese friends touched the residents, according to the Global Times reporter Liu. “Goggles and disinfection protective outfits and only wear operating gowns with protective suits,” Liu told the Global Times.

The United Nations special rapporteur on human rights in Iran in a recent report said that sanctions and banking restrictions will unduly affect the availability and access to essential medical supplies in Iran.

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The UN report also warned of the potential negative impact sanctions have on UN and other humanitarian programs in Iran.

The report added that the sanctions imposition leads to a lack of medical supplies, which is a critical issue for the Iranian people.

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In the wake of the coronavirus pandemic, the U.S. has imposed sanctions on Iran, which has led to a lack of medical supplies, which is a critical issue for the Iranian people.

In an interview with Iran’s news agency IRNA on Monday, Ramil Fakhri, vice president of the International Union of Medical Equipment Suppliers, said the anti-Iran sanctions have hindered the import of coronavirus tests and other medical equipment.

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Travel and the coronavirus: answers to your top questions

As the coronavirus continues to spread across the globe, the questions of whether to travel and where it’s safe to go have become increasingly complicated. Experts say you need to stay informed. Here, four of the most pressing questions facing people who might be considering traveling.

**Should I cancel my flight, will I get my money back?**

“People need to make an individual decision at this point,” said Brett Weisenberg, an infectious disease doctor at New York University School of Medicine and director of the university’s Travel Medicine Program. Dr. Weisenberg said travelers should consult with a health care provider and monitor the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website for the most up-to-date travel notices before making a decision. The C.D.C. has recommended travelers avoid “all nonessential travel” to destinations with Level 3 travel alerts. Those countries include: China, Iran, South Korea and Italy.

If you are an older adult or you have a chronic medical condition, the C.D.C. is advising you to avoid visiting Japan, which now has a Level 2 travel health notice.

**If I travel, will I be quarantined when I come back?**

Dr. Weisenberg said travelers should consult with a health care provider. “These are not normal times,” he said, adding that you could be asked to quarantine yourself at your destination, even if you have a negative test result. And things are changing rapidly. Companies are requiring employees who have been traveling to work remotely, he added. And things are changing rapidly.

**If I travel, will I be quarantined when I come back?**

Difficult, he added. And things are changing rapidly.

**Will I be quarantined when I come back?**

“Some companies are requiring employees who have been traveling to work remotely,” he added. “And things are changing rapidly.”

**I have a Level 3 travel health notice. What should I do?**

If you are thinking about boarding a cruise, the C.D.C. recommends that travelers “defer those plans — especially if they have an underlying health condition.” Cruises group large numbers of people in very close proximity, which “promotes transmission of respiratory viruses, such as the virus that causes COVID-19, according to the CDC’s guidance.”

**Should I just stay home?**

“It’s best to stay home,” he added. “But if you are going to travel, make sure you wear a mask.”

**Lamu Old Town**

The UNESCO-registered The Lamu Old Town is the oldest and best preserved example of Swahili settlement in East Africa. The town was established by the Swahili as a stopover point along the East African trade route and is characterized by its unique Swahili architectural style. Lamu has retained its authentic building fabric up to the present day.

**Tehran**

Tehran is Iran’s capital city and the largest city in the country, with a population of over 8.5 million people. It is located in the north-west of the country and is known for its rich history and culture. Tehran is known for its ancient architecture, including the Golestan Palace and the National Museum of Iran, which are UNESCO World Heritage sites. The city is also home to a number of universities and cultural institutions. Tehran is a hub of commerce and industry and is the center of Iran’s healthcare and education sectors.

**Iran calls off Noruz celebrations amid coronavirus threat**

IranAir resumes flights to Europe after temporary halt over coronavirus

Iran’s tourism minister Ali-Asghar Mounesan announced on Monday that no official celebrations or public gatherings, even the pre-scheduled ones, will be held during the national departures terminal, where travel has slowed because of the coronavirus.

Iranian authorities had warned that they may use “force” to limit travel traffic limits on some of the country’s roadways. The moves come after Iran reported more than 1,000 cases of coronavirus, with 27 deaths, the worst in the Middle East outside of neighboring Iraq.

Iran is one of the world’s most popular tourist destinations, drawing millions of visitors each year to its historic sites and cultural attractions. The country is home to some of the world’s most famous landmarks, including the ancient city of Yazd, which is the capital of Iran’s Yazd province and is one of the most popular tourist destinations in the country.

The move comes after Iran’s national airline, IranAir, announced on Monday that all international flights to and from Europe would be halted due to the coronavirus outbreak. The move was announced as a precautionary measure to prevent the spread of the virus in the country.

Iran has reported over 1,000 cases of coronavirus, with 27 deaths, the worst in the Middle East outside of neighboring Iraq. The government has advised people to avoid large gatherings and public events, and has closed all museums and cultural sites in the country.

**Qanat yield clues to ancient way of life in Iran**

Qanats, ancient underground aqueducts, are a unique feature of Iran’s geography. They have been used for centuries to bring water to the region’s arid landscape. The system consists of a network of underground channels, called qanats, that are used to transport water from underground water sources to the surface. The qanats are often built in a spiral pattern, with a series of interconnected tunnels that gradually drop in elevation as they descend towards the water source. The qanats are dug using traditional techniques that have been passed down through generations. The qanats have played a critical role in the region’s history, as they have allowed people to live and farm in areas that would otherwise be too dry to support human settlement.

**Bam’s earthquake**

The city of Bam, located in the southeast of Iran, was hit by a devastating earthquake in 2003. The earthquake caused widespread destruction and loss of life, and it remains one of the most severe natural disasters in recent history. The earthquake was caused by the rupture of a fault line, which is part of the larger fault system known as the Zagros Fault. The earthquake was felt across a wide area, from Afghanistan in the north to Pakistan in the south, and from the Persian Gulf to the Caspian Sea.

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**The Qanat system**

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**The National Museum of Iran**

The National Museum of Iran (Persian: موزه ملی ایران) is a museum located in Tehran, Iran. It is one of the largest and most important museums in the country, featuring a vast collection of artifacts and artifacts that date back to prehistoric times. The museum is known for its extensive collection of Persian artifacts, including works of art and artifacts from different periods of Persian history.

The museum is located in a beautiful building, which was originally built as a palace for the Qajar dynasty. The building was later converted into a museum, and it has been restored and renovated to its original glory. The museum is open to the public, and it is a popular destination for tourists and locals alike.

**The Golestan Palace**

The Golestan Palace (Persian: خانه گلستان) is a palace located in Tehran, Iran. It is one of the most important and well-preserved examples of Persian architecture. The palace was built in the late 18th century and was the residence of the Qajar dynasty until the early 20th century.

The palace is known for its beautiful gardens, which feature a variety of flowers and trees. The palace also contains a series of beautifully decorated rooms, including a throne room and a library. The palace is open to the public, and it is a popular destination for tourists and locals alike.
Iranian-made medicine raises hope to treat severe cases of COVID-19

**Iran spends $477m on refugee education annually**

**Climate emergency: global action is ‘way off track’ says UN head**

**Ecosystems the size of Amazon can collapse within decades**

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**Iranian-made medicine raises hope to treat severe cases of COVID-19**

Over the coming days, this trial will continue in other patients with the diagnosis of physicians, and if it has a relative effect, it will likely be included in the national pharmacological list, and case reports in China also include its relative usefulness in some cases of COVID-19 severe cases, he explained.

However, the main production of this medicine, due to the localization of the technology, can be marketed in about six to eight weeks.

Scientists said the threat was greater than that from two other biosimilars approved this year, infusing patients with 42,000 rials (nearly $477 million at the official rate of 10,390 rials to the dollar) every year on the education of farmers, with at least 137,000 undertaken Afghan students in the country, in the country, adding that their parents do not have valid residence documents, “but we have provided the conditions for enrolling them in schools.”

A number of foreign nationals from neighboring countries came to Iran over the past four decades due to the upheaval of life. In the four border areas of Iran, the number of foreign nationals in education, especially for the Iranian calendar month of Farvardin (March 21-April 22), secretary of the Iranian Ministry of Agriculture’s Majesty. A decree was issued by the Leader of the Islamic Revolution Ayatollah Khamenei in May 2015, which allows all foreign nationals, even those who have no identity and are living in Iran illegally, to attend schools in the country.

**All-Iranian COVID-19 diagnostic kits to be released within month**

Iran will commercialize domestically-made COVID-19 diagnostic kits by the Iranian calendar month of Farvardin (March 21-April 22), secretary of biotechnology development of Vice President for Science and Technology announced.

Following a call by the headquarters for the production of COVID-19 diagnostic kits, a contract was signed with five knowledge-based companies and manufacturing process began. ISNA quoted Mostafa Qane’ei as saying on Monday.

“Diagnostic is the most important part of coronavirus treatment, he highlighted. Patients suspected to coronavirus are currently being identified by diagnostic kits that have entered Iran in the form of assistance and purchases by the World Health Organization, China, and UNICEF, he said.

So, the Vice President for Science and Technology decided to manufacture the kits domestically, he noted.

Existing imported kits are sufficient for the next two months but after this period we will be faced with shortages of kits, however, the domestic ones will enter the market, he concluded.

**Distributors of toxic alcohol arrested in Iran**

Climate emergency: global action is ‘way off track’ says UN head

“Climate change is the defining challenge of our time. We are facing a triple climate and biodiversity crises facing the world. We are already running:”

There are effective actions that we can take now, such as protecting the existing forest, managing it to maintain diverse species and habitats, and working well with farmers.

Experts said the new findings should be a spur to action. “We need to act now or it will be too late,” said the lead author, John Dearing, professor in physical geography at the University of Southampton and lead author of the study, said.

“We are saying it should be in the run-of-the-mill. It could become one of the most popular crises facing the world. The risk of Amazon’s collapse is especially persuasive in this paper, and should alert us to consider the real risk of large and apparently stable ecosystems upon which we depend,” said Cooper, lead author, at the University of Cambridge, who was not involved in the study, and lead author of the study, said.

“The authors of the study, said the results should warn policy makers not to be involved because they strongly agree with the name so-called engaging personalities.

The idea of the conference is to engage personalities: certain people are allowed to enter and leave it, or vehicles around an area which is made very safe because only farmers farming and searching carefully.

The invited delegates were called out and searched carefully by US soldiers as they made their way through the tight security cordon around the conference center. Several hundred people have been under the protection of the security forces of Iraq and from abroad including the United States and Britain.

The group of five knowledge-based companies that have shown interest in the project, said the results should warn policy makers not to be involved because they strongly agree with the name so-called engaging personalities.

Ecosystems the size of Amazon can collapse within decades

Even large ecosystems the size of the Amazon rainforest can collapse in a few decades, according to a study that shows bigger biomes break up relatively faster than smaller ones.

The research reveals that once a tipping point has been passed, breakdowns do not occur gradually as an unfolding trend, but in a moment a stack of Jenga bricks after a keystone piece has been dissolved.

The authors of the study, published on Tuesday in the Nature Geoscience, say the results should warn policy makers they had less time than they realised to deal with the multiple crises they face, from climate change to pandemics.

To examine the relationship between an ecosystem’s size and its ability to maintain biodiversity, researchers looked at 41 previous studies in which authors had studied the collapse of fisheries in Newfoundland, the death of vegetation in the Serengeti, and the decline of populations of coral reefs in Japan and the Galapagos Islands.

They found that bigger and more complex biomes were initially more resilient than small, biologically simple systems. However, once the former hit a tipping point, they collapse relatively faster because failures ripple throughout their modular structure. As a result, the bigger the ecosystem, the harder it is likely to fall.

Based on their statistical analysis, the authors estimate an ecosystem four times the size of the Serengeti (approximately 5,000 km2) could collapse in approximately 14 years if a tipping point had been reached. For a system the size of the Caribbean coral reef (about 250,000 km2), collapse could occur in 35 years once a tipping point had been passed.

The paper says this could be the case in Australia where the recent Australian bushfires followed protracted periods of drought and may indicate a shift to a drier ecosystem.

Scientists were already aware that systems tended to collapse much faster than they grew but the new study explains and replenishes the threat.

“What is new is that we are seeing this tipping point is a wider global phenomenon and shows that the collapse of bigger biomes is much more quicker than we think,” John Dearing, professor in physical geography at the University of Southampton and lead author of the study, said.

“What are we saying is don’t be in the run-of-the-mill. It could become one of the most popular crises facing the world. The risk of Amazon’s collapse is especially persuasive in this paper, and should alert us to consider the real risk of large and apparently stable ecosystems upon which we depend,” said Cooper, lead author, at the University of Cambridge, who was not involved in the study, and lead author of the study, said.

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The invited delegates were called out and searched carefully by US soldiers as they made their way through the tight security cordon around the conference center. Several hundred people have been under the protection of the security forces of Iraq and from abroad including the United States and Britain.

The group of five knowledge-based companies that have shown interest in the project, said the results should warn policy makers not to be involved because they strongly agree with the name so-called engaging personalities.

The idea of the conference is to engage personalities: certain people are allowed to enter and leave it, or vehicles around an area which is made very safe because only farmers farming and searching carefully.
Sixteen more years? Russian parliament backs move to keep Putin in power

U.S. now openly admits its goal in Syria is to make it ‘difficult’ for Moscow and Damascus to defeat terrorists

Primary wins give Joe Biden commanding edge in U.S. Democratic race

Barham Salih announces deadline for nominating Iraqi PM

Merkel says 70pc of Germans could get coronavirus
Iranian boxers secure berths at 2020 Olympics

SPORTS TEHRAN — Two Iranian boxers, Daniel Shahbakhsh and Shahin Mousavi, secured their places at the 2020 Tokyo Olympics on Wednesday.

At the Asia-Oceania Olympic boxing qualifier in Amman, Shahbakhsh defeated his opponent TSO Sing Yu from Hong Kong in the Men’s 57kg weight class and became the second Iranian boxer to book place at the Olympics.

Shahbakhsh of Tehran defeated his Uzbekistan opponent, 19-year-old Abish Geokhanov, in the Men’s 57kg category, winning by a points decision after losing to his rivals on Wednesday.

More than 200 boxers are competing in the event which is one of the most important Asian championships of the year, with 21 and 22 women’s berths up for grabs at the Olympics.

Shahbakhsh, a native of Babol, has won gold at the World Youth Championships in Ulaanbaatar, Kazakhstan, India, China, Australia, Thailand, South Korea, Japan, Mongolia, Chinese Taipei, Tajikistan, Jordan, Kyrgyzstan and Philippines and attended in the event with the biggest and strongest delegations in Amman.

The qualification tournament was held from March 10 to 19 in Jordan, after being rescheduled from Feb. 3 to 14 in Wuhan, China due to COVID-19 coronavirus outbreak. The virus has since infected more than 200,000 people in the world and killed 4,000 people.

Kolakovsh shows support for Iranians in fighting coronavirus

In your long and rich history, you have been able to withstand great tribulation and problems, coronavirus is nothing for you. Resist and defy,” Kolakovic posted on his Instagram account.

COVID-19 spread to 115 countries with more than 4,000 deaths – more than five times more than SARS, in less time.

Recent reports suggest that the number of global Covid-19 cases had reached about 120,000.

Asbaghian elected as Iran Sports Federation for the Disabled President

Asbaghian, a boxing coach, is due to run for the Sports for the Disabled at the domestic level, the organizing committee said.

“During Mr. Asbaghian’s responsibility, many financial commitments have been made and we are looking forward to seeing him attending a board meeting and explaining about financial commitments and other related issues,” he told website of the Ministry of Sport and Youth.

“According to the decision of the board of directors, I am in charge until the appointment of the new general manager of the club,” he added.

Perspolis are facing financial difficulties in paying the players and coach’s wages.

The Iran professional league club, who are the favorites to win the Iran Professional League (IPL) in the current season, sit first in the ranking with 4222 points. Another Iranian football giants Persepolis are second with 4210 points.

Shahin Mousavi also defeated Mongolian boxer Tso Sing Yu from Hong Kong in the Men’s 57kg weight class, securing his place at the tournament.

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Asbaghian currently is director general of federations’ common affairs at Iran Sports Federation for Sports but he must resign from his role to start his work as head of Iran Sports Federation for the Disabled.

“I would like to thank all the members who voted for me. We want to continue the federation’s success, that’s why I’m here. We have a lot of work to do because in the past many federations were going to do one best at the 2020 Paralympic Games,” Asbaghian said.

Rasoul-Panah named Persepolis acting GM

The organizers also distanced themselves from the coronavirus so far but Kolakovic has shown support for the Iranian people to fight the disease.

“I know how hard it is for you, my heart is with you, the brave Iranian people,” he wrote in a statement.

Morad dismissed that option, as did Tokyo 2020 president Yoshiro Mori, who acknowledged they are “concerned” about the comments after a member of the organizing committee resigned on Friday.

“I didn’t say it won’t, I think there will be some effect on the Games,” he said.

He said the summer two years from now are going ahead “as scheduled,” noting that many of the Olympic venues are open and will be used by the public at different times.

He replaced Hamid Ali Samimi for five years. He also explained that Persepolis is facing financial difficulties in paying the players and coach’s wages.

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**Rare paintings confirm Iranian origins of neyanban**

Iranian film industry faces non-stop threats.

**TEHRAN** — Iranian woveiloat and neyanban virtuoso Molten Sharifian has published pictures of two rare paintings by Iranian miniaturist Reza Abbasi that confirm the Iranian origins of neyanban, a kind of bagpipe most common in southern Iran.

"In several beautiful and elegant paintings, Reza Abbasi, who lived from 1565 to 1635, has portrayed neyanban players with full details of the amazing instrument," Sharifian wrote on his Instagram post on March 10 to mark the International Bagpipe Day.

"These show the instrument during the Safavid period," he added.

"I was told that nobody except Reza Abbasi did the first painting, however, there is due evidence that he created this painting 25 years after the first one."

The paintings bear Abbasi’s autograph made in 1604 A.D. Sharifian said the second painting was to be unveiled by display at the Victoria and Albert Museum in London.

If Abbasi created the second painting 25 years before his death, neyanban’s presence in the history of Iranian music would date back to over 400 years ago.

Sharifian is the leader of the Lian ensemble from the Iranian city of Qazvin. He has performed concerts during international events, including the William Kennedy Film Festival running in the Irish town of Armagh and London’s WOMAD Festival.

Sharifian has published pictures of two rare paintings by Iranian miniaturist Reza Abbasi, dating from March 6 to 8.

**CULTURE**

Recent developments in Iranian modern art.

**TEHRAN** — Iran’s National Museum of Art (NLAI) has established a digital library for children and young adults.

Book on history of Iran’s relations with sea published.

**TEHRAN** — A poster for the book “Human and the Sea: A Review of Thousands of Years of Human Interaction with the Sea in Iran” has been released on Wednesday.

CULTURE — The National Museum of Iran (NMNI) in Tehran has recently published a book reviews the history of Iran’s relations with the sea. The book, reviewed as a masterpiece, contains 17 articles by Ali Hojabri, the book contains 17 articles written by 17 experts in the field of oceanography and atmospheric science.

**CULTURE**

Iranian film industry faces non-stop threats.

**TEHRAN** — The Cinema Organization of Iran (COI) has discussed plans to support the country’s film industry in the wake of the coronavirus outbreak.

In a meeting held on Tuesday, COI director Hossein Entezami urged his colleagues to establish a committee to evaluate the financial losses caused by the shutdown of movie theaters and film projects due to coronavirus epidemic, the COI announced in a press release on Wednesday.

The committee is tasked with finding ways to support theaters and movie owners impacted by the coronavirus.

The participants also discussed ways to combat the financial losses and to stop the underproduction projects. All film projects were shut down by the COI to stop the spread of the virus.

Entezami also asked his colleagues to improve the home financial network to entertain people who themselves are forced to stay home due to the outbreak of the virus.

"Mulan" goes on, Bond waits as Hollywood tracks virus spread.

**LOS ANGELES** (Reuters) — Walt Disney Co held a red carpet preview for its animated blend of "Mulan," Monday, pushing ahead with the movie’s rollout even though the coronavirus has kept the film out of China, the second-largest film market, in the meantime.

At the moment, film studios are deciding the show must go on at movie theaters. The major exception is James Bond thriller "No Time to Die," which producers moved to November from April. On Tuesday, Sony Pictures postponed to August the release of "Peter Rabbit 2: The Runaway," citing declines in the size of the market, and齐鲁. Half of the theaters worldwide are closed. Cinema owners are also struggling to find a way to continue the business of film projectors and movie theaters.

"The movement is too complex to keep movie theaters open and not to lose money," said John Doe, head of film projectors and cinema owners.

"The most important thing for movie theaters is to maintain the quality of movies and not to lose money," said John Doe, head of film projectors and cinema owners.

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