Regional NATO Will Be Dead on Arrival.

Report

UN finds “well-aimed” Israeli bullets killed veteran journalist Abu Aqleh

The United Nations has said its investigation has found that the bullets which killed veteran Palestinian journalist Abu Aqleh on May 11 were fired by the Israeli regime forces and were “well-aimed bullets.”

The UN inquiry backs up a Palestinian investigation and a military raid in the city of Jenin, in the north-ern occupied West Bank.

“We find that the shots that killed Abu Aqleh came from Israeli [regime] forces,” the UN human rights office spokesperson Nadia Shamsadani said in Geneva. “It is deeply disturbing, in this context, that the parties have not conducted a criminal investigation.”

She said: “At the UN human rights office, we have concluded our independent monitoring into the incident. The shots that killed Abu Aqleh and injured her colleague Ali Sa -mide came from Israeli [regime] forces and not from indiscriminate firing by armed Pal-estinians, as initially claimed by Israeli au-thorities.”

Shamsadani added that the information came from the journalists, Israeli [regime] military and the Palestin-i-an attorney general saying: “We have found no information suggesting that there was activity by armed Palestinians in the immediate vicinity of the journalists.” Shamsadani said.

The UN findings show that seven jour -nalists arrived at the western entrance of the Jenin refugee camp soon after 06 am. At about 06:45, armed Palestinians turned into a particular street, “several single, seemingly well-aimed bullets were fired towards them from the direction of the Israeli [regime] forces. One single bullet in -jured Ali Samioud in the shoulder; another single bullet hit Abu Aqleh in the head and killed her instantly.”

The valleys of Assasins, a drive back in time

TEHRAN – Foreign Minister Hossein Amir Abdollahian announced on Saturday that Iran is ready to receive talks to lift sanctions on Iran by reviving the 2015 nuclear deal, officially called the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).

Amir Abdollahian said the decision was made after detailed and in-depth talks with Iranian foreign minister policy chief.

“The talks to remove the sanctions imposed on Iran will be resumed soon,” Amir Abdollahian said in a joint press conference with Berol.

Amir Abdollahian added, “Today we had long and positive talks about cooperation between Iran and the European Union. We are seeking balanced relations in the area of foreign policy and in this relationship the Eu-ropean Union and European

Daily gas production capacity exceeds 1,000 mcm

TEHRAN – The capacity of Iran’s daily nat -ural gas production registered the mentioned record for the first time in the pre-vious year when gas production from the South Pars Gas Field increased by more than four per -cent compared to the preceding year (1399).

As Shana reported, the development of the South Pars Field, which Iran shares with Qatar in the Persian Gulf, has been complet-ed except for phase 10 whose development is underway.

According to the report, the physical pro-gress of the South Pars Phase 11 develop -ment project at the end of 1400 was more than 34 percent.

Amir Abdollahian talks to Taliban FM over Afghanistan quake

TEHRAN – In a phone conversation with acting Taliban Foreign Min -ister Ahmad Khan Muttaqi on Friday night, Iranian Foreign Minister Hos-sen Amir Abdollahian expressed condolences to the Afghan people and government over the recent earthquake that claimed many lives and resulted in significant material damage.

Amir Abdollahian told Muttaqi that two cargo planes have been used to provide a portion of Iran’s aid to the earthquake victims.

The Iranian foreign minister added that two groups of rescue and relief teams from the Iranian Red Crescent Society had also been sent along with relief aid, highlighting the fact that the Iranian people are always ready to stand by the resident and noble people of Afghanistan.

He said Iran will also send medical teams if required or requested.

The top Iranian diplomat also brought up Iran’s share of the Helmand water, asking the Afghan government to take seriously its obligations under the bilateral agreements regarding Iran’s water share.

Tender invitation

TENDER INVITATION No: 401-05 MS

Subject: call for eligible and experienced contractors for an EPC tender

"Engineering, procurement and commissioning the new cast house" in Iran Aluminum Company (IRALCO) - Arak, Iran

Hence IRAN ALUMINIUM COMPANY (IRALCO), would like to invite eligible and experienced contractors for "Engineering, procurement and commissioning the new cast house" tender on the basis of tender condition. Interested companies may send their technical proposals until 30 July in sealed pocket to below mentioned address:

Name of Office: Secretariat of the Transaction Committee, Iranian Aluminum Company (IRALCO)

Address: PO Box 330, opposite Bahonar Park, Natural Resources Boulevard, Arak - Iran; Postal code: 38585-13

Phone: +98 86 32162014    Fax:+98 86 32162009

Email: tender@iralco.ir

Attention: Mr. Omid - Mr. Niazabi

1- If participate are not able to send sealed enve-lopes of the base of above instruction, they can mail their document to secretariat of the transaction Commission to the address in the decides: tender@iralco.ir

2- Estimated cost of project: 5,000,000,000 IRIS.

3- For having technical specification and tender instruction visit our website: https://www.iralco.ir then click on tender.

4- Interested bidders may obtain further commercial information by sending email to this address: bidders@iralco.ir

5- For having technical specification and tender instruction visit our website: https://www.iralco.ir his address in due time:

e.mohammadi@iralco.net

Public Relations Department of Iran Aluminum Company

TEHRAN – Foreign Minister Hossein Amir Abdollahian announced on Saturday that Iran is ready to receive talks to lift sanctions on Iran by reviving the 2015 nuclear deal, officially called the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).
Amir Abdollahian talks to Taliban FM over Afghanistan quake

From page 1 By resolving this issue, the foreign minister said, Iran hopes to strengthen friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

Amir Abdollahian further voiced hope that the two nations’ bilateral collaboration will result in countering all organized crime, drug trafficking and terrorism.

Praising Iran’s condolences and its prompt and urgent response, the Talibans’ victory, Mullahi stressed that the first priority under the current circumstances is to provide relief for the victims.

Mullahi commended Iran for providing a wide range of services to the Afghan people under the present tough conditions, highlighting the importance that Kabul places on the need to develop wider bilateral ties and collaboration with Iran.

He also asked Amir Abdollahian to arrange for the visit of an Afghan agricultural delegation and an anti-narcotic drugs trafficking group to Iran.

Mullahi, meanwhile, welcomed the continuation of the bilateral talks and the sending of a delegation from the Energy Ministry of Iran to investigate the matter of Iran’s water rights from the Helmand River.

China’s Wang: US should admit responsibility and respond to Iran’s reasonable demands to resume JCPOA

In a telephone conversation with United States Security Advisor Jake Sullivan on Friday, Chinese Foreign Minister Wang Yi reaffirmed China’s wishes for the resumption of talks between Iran and the United States.

While calling for the US to address Iran’s legitimate concerns, Wang also condemned unilateral sanctions against Iran.

He also noted that China is ready to continue to work with the United States to achieve a peaceful solution to regional issues.

Bolbol, who led a previous Korean delegation to Iran, said that in such an environment, the JCPOA and its return to the US will be highly unlikely.

He also said that the US and Iran will talk “not directly, but with an intermediary by my team as contact team.”

While he did not mention that name of the country, most likely two will be Qatar and potentially Oman.

Bolbol also said that the US administration is “ against any new approach - of the US.”

The EU foreign policy chief added that the talks will be a “diplomatic route will eventually result in a deal.”

In his words, the EU’s foreign policy chief added that the talks will be a “diplomatic route will eventually result in a deal.”

The diplomat said if Tehran’s demands from the nuclear deal are not guaranteed it will not be acceptable.

“Whatever is for the Islamic Republic of Iran is the full economic benefit of Iran from the agreement reached in 2015, and any issue that cannot guarantee our full economic benefit will be not acceptable to the government of Hassan Rouhani and the Islamic Republic of Iran’s top diplomatic advisor,”

Bolbol said that the US, Iran and the E3 will not take place in Vienna. Rather, he said, the talks will be hosted by the two countries.

The chief diplomat said if Tehran’s demands from the nuclear deal are not guaranteed it will not be acceptable.

He also said, “The US is a long war will talk ‘not directly, but with a facilitation by me and my team as coordinators’.

According to the EU’s Bolbol, the discussions between US, Iran and the E3 will not take place in Vienna. Rather, he said, the talks will be ‘hosted somewhere near the Persian Gulf’. To be specific, he added, it will be in a Persian Gulf country.

Eulogizer coordinator negotiations will likely resume next week. In response to Tehran Times’ request for a brief comment on the sidelines of the press conference, Murad turned down a request for comment, he told a correspondent that the negotiations likely resume next week.

Both Iran and the US have accepted to restart talks, and the negotiations will only focus on the remaining differences between them,” he added.

Meanwhile, Amir Abdollahian, in response to the same correspondent asked him on the date of the resumption of talks, said, “In the coming days. The technical issues have to be coordinated.”

When faced a question from the same correspondent on the format, the top Iranian diplomat noted, “Details need to be consulted.”

The visit comes two days after Mera and Borrell had a working dinner with Robert Hillary, US State’s top negotiator in Vienna.

Ahead of the visit on early Friday, France’s foreign ministry released a statement expressing its readiness to resume the talks on the resuming the JCPOA.

Two officials, one Iranian and one European, told Borrell of their trip that “two issues including one on sanctions remained to be resolved.”

These comments were not rejected or confirmed by the Iranian foreign ministry.

Later on Saturday, Borrell met Admiral Ali Shamkhani, Secretary of Iran’s Supreme National Security Council (SNSC) in the meeting, the Iranian security chief said, “While fulfilling all our commitments, we are seeking lasting, lasting and credible agreement.”

Shamkhani also stressed that Iran’s ratification nuclear measures are “merely a legal and national response to US unilateralism and European passivity, and will continue until the West’s illegitimate behavior changes.”

After his meeting with Shamkhani, Borrell tweeted, “Important meeting with Secretary of the Supreme National Security Council of Iran, Ali Shamkhani, on how to bring the JCPOA back on track.”
Iran-China 5 month trade increases 18% yr/yr

However, China's exports to Iran in January-December fell by about two percent to $8.3 billion from $8.5 billion in the previous year. Iran mainly exports foodstuffs and agricultural products to China while importing machinery and industrial raw materials, machinery and equipment, and auto parts.

China is one of Iran's main trade partners and is currently maintaining strong trade ties with the Islamic Republic despite the strict US sanctions. Iran and China officially signed the document for 25-year comprehensive cooperation in March 2021. The document was signed between Iran’s former Foreign Minister Mohammad Javad Zarif and Chinese Foreign Minister Wang Yi at the Iranian Foreign Ministry.

TEHRAN - The value of non-oil trade between Iran and China reached $6.422 billion in the first five months of 2022 to register an 18-percent rise year on year, according to the Industry, Mines and Trade Ministry’s customs administration.

The value of trade between the two countries during the previous year declined by less than one percent in comparison to 2020 in the same period, and it was reported to be $5.4 billion.

China's imports from Iran in 2021 grew by more than 2 percent compared to the previous year year, and reached $6.1 billion. China had imported $6.4 billion worth of goods from Iran in 2020.

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**UN finds “well-aimed” Israeli bullets killed veteran journalist Abu Aqleh**

Bilgihan Alagöz, director of the Center for International Policy Studies in Ankara, says the global energy crisis and ambiguity surrounding the Iran talks are key factors for Biden's upcoming visit to Saudi Arabia.

**Iran, energy crisis reasons for Biden's visit to Riyadh: Turkish expert**

New Delhi makes a fairly safe gamble by supporting the group—with putting it at odds with the West.

**India plays BRICS to its interests**

The BRICS group (Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa) may seem like legacy software: a once-promising innovation now eclipsed by India playing BRICS to its interests. India should thus ensure that the group's once-promising innovation now eclipsed by economic cooperation with Russia. The USA is still putting it at odds with the West. BRICS brings several advantages to India. Its aim to create economic alternatives for countries in the global south reflects a long-standing foreign-policy goal for New Delhi, harking back to its leadership of the Non-Aligned Movement. BRICS' participation in the Abraham Accords is something the USA is quite eager to do. However, Saudi Arabia takes a careful approach to this issue. Saudi Arabia and Iran are competing for leadership of the Islamic world. In this sense, Saudi Arabia wants to increase its influence over Iran-dominant political and religious institutions. However, Saudi Arabia takes a careful approach to this issue. Saudi Arabia's participation in the Abraham Accords is something the USA is quite eager to do. However, Saudi Arabia takes a careful approach to this issue. Saudi Arabia and Iran are competing for leadership of the Islamic world. In this sense, Saudi Arabia wants to increase its influence over Iran-dominant political and religious institutions. However, Saudi Arabia takes a careful approach to this issue.
from Qazvin to Alamut. The road itself is beautiful with mountainous scenery. You can step up to the stairs and chair and are supposed to buy a ticket to visit Alamut village and horizon from the summit is perfect.

You must know that it is not the only point in Alamut if you have a tour with us. My guide took me to some amazing lesser-known places in Alamut. Not bad to have a walk and it is going to have a trip to Alamut. He is helpful to travelers and speaks fluent English. (Robin-backpacker from Paris, France)

I did a day trip to Alamut valley including Alamut castle with Vahid who is a very cmart man and had a blast! The nature in the valley, the canyons and the views from the castle were stunning!
Iranian and development partners to celebrate the diplomatic community, and humanitarian aid had actually reached the victims. The Afghan Red Crescent Society has said it has reached the highest levels of forced displacement of Afghans exiled in the country.

For the first time in two years since the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, UNHCR and the Bureau for Refugees, Asylum and migration partners (BRAFIA) of the Ministry of Interior, brought together refugees, host communities, government officials, members of the diplomatic community, and humanitarian and development partners to celebrate the courage, talent, and resilience of millions of Afghans exiled in the country.

In an event held in Tehran, UNHCR’s Officer in Charge, Inna Gladiakova, appreciated Iran for generously hosting Afghans for over four decades and stressed the need to mobilize even more international support for Iran, as a time when wars and conflicts are causing the highest, levels of forced displacement ever recorded in history.

Reza Abdollahi, the Director-General of BRAFIA, pointed out that the number of Afghan immigrants living in Iran has exceeded four million. After entering Iran, Afghan immigrants had the highest presence in the provinces of Khorasan Razavi, South Khorasan, and Sistan-Baluchestan.

President Ebrahim Raisi has said that the fact that Iran has always made many claims about supporting the Afghans, but have not provided them with any assistance, contrary to their claims, today more than four million Afghans are guests of Iran, acting as a friendly and brotherly nation.

In light of the pandemic, all refugees, even those undocumented, benefited from access to free primary health services and free COVID-19-related testing, treatment, and hospitalization, just like Iranian nationals.

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Jamschid in Persian literature

Part 7

Moreover, Mid Perz. paysis is naturally used to render words in ma- ma-, including maka, the son of Ahura Mazda, the one who has been replaced by bad things. They go on and on Mount Xwarrahomand in Xwarazm, saved this event, but the Middle Persian texts refer the Yima-cutter.

Towards the Best Order, and the fire, son of Ahura Mazda; (yama raja), king of the dead.

1890s and identified with the Indic King Yama, this frightening lord of death. In the Sanskrit literature, Yama is the ruler of the underworld, the frightening lord of death. In the Sanskrit translations of the Avesta, he is associated with Azadat, the god of death, underground and ruling over spirits that did not make it to Paradise. In the Iranian context, Yama is referred to as Yima, and his connection with the dead is mainly restricted to late narratives, in which he ordered the making of ossuaries and daxmas. There are three references to stories of a king named Yima going to Hell. For his sins, in order to close the door to Hell so that death would be kept out of his kingdom, he died.

In addition, Mary Boyce has suggested that Herodotus may have confused Achaeus, the king of the dead, underground and ruling over spirits that did not make it to Paradise, with Yima, since his Indic counterpart Yama was “lord of death.”

The description would fit the story of Jamschid in the hero text, but it also involves buying people (children) alive to god (which Boyce does not mention), and so is perhaps more likely to refer to the Evil Spirit: Sacrificial death of young people is often associated with Dahag, who needed them as food for the snakes that grew out of his shoulders.

In later Indic, for instance, Buddha, literature, the Yama raja, the king of the dead (ancestor of Rostam, according to Mojmal al-Marjani) and his granddaughter, the king’s daughter, were important. In the Middle Persian texts, the Yima raja, the king of the dead, is said to have watcher over a place between heaven and hell.

The Persian tradition provides a few further details of this story. In the Shahnameh, after the death of Jamshid, we see Mithrak, defeated, one day in Cain on the shore of the ocean. Here Zahak found him and saved him. The story of Zahak and Yima is also present in Asadu’l-Tau’s Garshasp-nama and a poem on Jamshid among the Persian Royaats, he was killed in Cain, in a forest, where he had hidden inside a tree according to the Royaats, by the ocean according to the Farsi-nama.

Satan then told Bivarasp (Zohhak) where Jamshid was hidden, and he began seeing the tree. When he saw through Jamshid’s body, the sun disappeared when they killed him. When the next day, he was again whole. This happened once more before they were able to kill him. Then there follows the story of how Jamshid was sent to Hell, but repentant, and was sent to Kiyangan, where he remained for a thousand years before he was admitted into Garismad.

Asadu’l-Tau’s Garshasp-nama contains a long elaboration on the conflict with Dahag and Jamshid’s time in hiding, which is also found in the Memarnameh. Dahag, from a terrible man-to-man fight with Dahag, jamshid came to be Z-reply, where he stayed for twenty years.

Then, the king’s daughter tricked him into marrying her. The prince bore the son Tur (ancestor of Rostam, according to Memarnameh), the son of Jamshid, whom she had hidden, and the king therefore advised him to leave. He traveled to India (where he ruled a hundred years according to Memarnameh), and to China, where he was killed.

The Memarnameh gives the name of the prince’s mother as one of another wife as Mahang, daughter of the king of Mahang of India, Kabir (also Mirhang) and Hariyana, who was Ahur Mazda’s father. According to Takirk and Sultan, Sultan (Seistan) was the brother of Tur. This is also confirmed by lore, the descendant of fur, son of Jamshid, while Mirhang had Jamshid as ancestor of both Garismad and Rostam.

A passage in the Denkard suggests a different account of the prince’s mother. It refers to “cutting” in the Sudar nask ewege of the Vishakha-gata, Dahag’s mother, Ordol, is said to have been harmed Jamshid’s genitals (heri gud), making him a eunuch (shabestan) and depriving him of offspring (be az abusih) as he was making to express to say (be is-ke-derd). For this there was no remedy, so that nothing grew from his body and no lineage (payand) went from him. If he refers to the “cutting” we have a myth very different from those that related to him and his twin sister offspring.

Source: Encyclopaedia Iranica

To be continued

Tehran museum hosts exhibition of minimalism, conceptual art

Tehran museum hosts exhibition of minimalism, conceptual art

A combination photo shows the front cover of a book of the Italian theoretical physicist Carlo Rovelli’s “The Order of Time” by Nar Cocuk, a major Turkish publishing house for children’s books, has previously published a Turkish translation of the “Time, Space, Reality” and “The Order of Time”.

Carlo Rovelli’s “Order of Time” published in Persian

The Turkish edition will come out with its Persian translation in mid-September 2022. (Honaronline/Gata Ziatabari)