European energy bills soar with UK the latest

The European continent is currently the flashpoint when it comes to unprecedented demand and costs for energy despite winter being still a few months away. The cold winter weather is usually the time when an energy crisis makes the headlines in Europe so why is it happening now?

European household prices for energy have dramatically surged over the past few weeks with the United Kingdom the latest to announce an energy price cap by a massive 80 percent to cap off a bad week for the European continent.

Ofgem, the British energy regulator, has set the cap at £252 per household per month. The previous cap in January was £207. The cap sets the maximum level UK energy companies are allowed to charge their consumers.

A string of energy companies went bankrupt after struggling to meet the cap in the face of soaring energy prices. Ofgem allowing energy prices to soar the energy companies now won’t be going bust, but households and other consumers will.

In 2021, Iran won their fourth Asian continental title to qualify for the World Championship, while Argentina booked their spot at the World Championship as 2021 South American Championship runners-up. Iran, the Netherlands and Argentina finished seventh, eighth and ninth with similar points and goals in the VNL 2022 standings, which shows how equal the teams are ahead of their upcoming encounters in Ljubljana. They all have the potential and the ambition to do well, not only in the pool stage at the World Championship as a whole, and as they lock horns in the Slovenian capital, it will be down to how they perform on the day.

The Netherlands are the only team in Pool F to have ever reached a World Championship Final. That was in 1994. They are also the only team to have won an Olympic title, in 1996, vomituellement.com reported.

Amir Abdollahian meets Zanzibar president, calls for academic, industrial co-op

Amir Abdollahian, also the sitting Iranian administration is interested in developing relations with Africa, citing historical and cultural affinities between Iran and Zanzibar have prepared a fertile ground for strengthening ties. Iran’s chief diplomat also said the situation is ripe for commercial, academic, industrial and inter-city cooperation between Iran and Zanzibar.

Iran is one of the world’s leading countries in medicine, biotech industries, and other scientific areas. Amir Abdollahian said, during the interview, Iran is ready to share its know-how with African countries. Page 2

Law on protection, sustainable exploitation of wildlife

By Faramak Bakhhtiar

TEHRAN – Considering that 55 years have passed since the adoption of the hunting and fishing law in the country, the Department of Environment drafted a law on the protection and sustainable exploitation of wildlife.

The hunting and fishing law approved in 1967 forms the legal basis for the protection of wildlife and the natural environment in Iran. Although many of the provisions of this law were progressive and innovative at the time of its approval, after several decades, due to the changes and developments in the environmental, social, economic, and cultural structure of Iran, it needs to be revised and updated.

Widespread destruction of natural habitats, the rampant increase in hunting weapons, severe disputes with the environment, population increase, climate change, etc.

The area covered by sea ice in the Arctic at the end of winter has shrunk by about 16% since 1979. The amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere increased by about 25% from 1958 to 2020, and by about 40% after the industrial revolution.

Scientists have predicted the consequences for the long term, that would come later due to global climate change, which is happening now, such as the loss of lakes, increasing the water level in the oceans, and extreme and more frequent heat waves.

Generally, a wide range of published evidence shows that the net cost of damages caused by climate change is significant and will increase over time.

The sea level has increased from 17 mm per year in most of the 20th century to 3.2 mm per year since 1993. The average thickness of the 30 well-studied natural lakes has decreased by more than 18 meters since 1980.

The archeological findings show that the city disintegrated faster, the geographical range of the nomad’s past decreased, and this has affected the environment.

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Iran plans to become hub for building nuclear plants: AEOI head

TEHRAN- Mohammad Eslami, the chief of Iran’s Atomic Energy Organization (AEOI), vowed on Thursday that his country intends to quickly become a center for developing nuclear power plants. Eslami made the remarks on the sidelines of a ceremony to inaugurate the production line for a locally produced, portable gamma radiation equipment to be utilized in agriculture as a persistent global fuel crisis has made the use of nuclear energy more prominent.

“The world is currently experiencing a fuel crisis, and nearly every nation—in particular—have turned to building nuclear facilities. We are several years behind in that regard,” the nuclear chief said.

He continued that Iran had a 20-year strategy for using nuclear energy to generate power: “What is of very great significance to us is to be able to grow the applications of nuclear technology in the country by the day,” the top nuclear official pointed out.

Eslami emphasized that Iran should become a powerhouse for developing and building nuclear facilities with the implementation of that strategy.

He went on to highlight by God’s favor, the development of the use of radiation was put on the agenda in the first year of the current government. At the national level, the comprehensive development document was researched, created, and put on the agenda. Twelve locations in the country that may be exploited for agriculture were selected based on this study.

Adib hands out credentials as Iranian ambassador to Georgia

Iran criticizes UN for failing to get Israel to sign NPT

TEHRAN - Amir Abdollahian, who was on a tour of Africa, talked and reviewed the most recent developments concerning diplomatic efforts to revive the 2015 nuclear deal – JCPOA, which was signed in 2015, while Mohammed bin Abdulrahman Al Thani, over the recent developments concerning diplomatic negotiations in Vienna, a revised document so would be advantageous to the security and to come to a fair solution that would address the remaining safeguards issues.

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The top Iranian diplomat also called for academic, industrial co-op ties with Zanzibar. The president of Zanzibar also voiced Iran’s readiness for cooperation in oil and establishment of technology parks. He also added that Zanzibar is ready to support the country without focusing merely on the JCPOA.

Iranian, Qatari FM’s speak on phone about JCPOA

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U.S. ups the ante in Syria amid tough nuclear talks

TEHRAN – For the second time in less than two weeks, the U.S. launched attacks targeting sites in Syria in what it described as a “response.” But Iran has offered a new version of reality.

On Thursday, the U.S. Central Command (CENTCOM) announced that it launched attacks in northern Syria against what it called “Iranian-affiliated militias.”

“Over the past 24 hours, in response to yesterday’s rocket attacks on military targets in Syria, the United States launched targeted air strikes, conducted in Syria, against groups affiliated with Iran,” CENTCOM said in a statement.

The latest U.S. attack came on the heels of another attack that took place on Tuesday last week. CENTCOM Communication Director Colonel Joe Buccino said in a statement on Tuesday that "at President Biden's direction, U.S. military forces conducted precision air strikes in Deir ez-Zor, Syria today," CEN

The Biden administration has vowed to protect U.S. forces from attacks like the ones on August 15 against U.S. personnel by Iran-backed groups. The U.S. strikes targeted infrastructure facilities used by groups affiliated with Iran’s Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps.

Iran was quick to respond to U.S. allegations. It denied any connection to the targeted groups and highlighted the illegality of U.S. presence in Syria.

Iranian Foreign Ministry spokesman Nasser Kanaani condemned U.S. aggression on Syria. "Kanaani has strongly condemned the U.S. Army's aggression on Wednesday morning against the people and infrastructure of Syria as a violation of the country's sovereignty, independence and territorial integrity," the Iranian foreign ministry said in a statement on Wednesday.

He added that the continued presence of U.S. forces in parts of Syrian soil is against international law and constitutes a breach of Syrian sovereignty and independence. "Kanaani noted, "Thus the U.S. must immediately leave Syria and stop plundering the country's oil resources and grains." On Friday, the spokesman reiterated that position, saying that the U.S. had no legal right to station troops in Syria. "The U.S. has called the recent attacks by its transnational army against popular groups and counterterrorism forces of Syria as a direct response to attacks and continued threats against the United States troops," Kanaani said on Twitter, adding, "The truth of the presence of the occupying America in Syria in itself and its aggression against the defenders of Syria's independence and territorial integrity is illegal and condemned.

The U.S. escalation in Syria comes against a backdrop of tough negotiations on the Iran核 talks between Iran and the West. On the Wednesday, the U.S. gave its response to an Iranian response on the nuclear talks concurrently with the Syria strikes, sparking specializations over its strategy.

Some have tried to establish a link between the Syria strikes and the talks in Vienna over reviving the 2015 Iran nuclear deal. Officially known as the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA), saying that the U.S. made the response to its threats to against the U.S. but others that believe that the U.S. would not stop its illegal attacks in the region even after signing a deal with Iran.

Iran says U.S. presence in Syria ‘illegal’

TEHRAN – Iran has condemned the U.S. strikes against Syria, saying the U.S. presence in the Arab country is ‘illegal.

"The U.S. has called the recent attacks by its transnational army against popular groups and counterterrorism forces of Syria as a direct response to attacks and continued threats against the United States troops," U.S. personnel by Iran-backed groups. The U.S. strikes targeted infrastructure facilities used by groups affiliated with Iran’s Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps.

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Iran into 2022 Asian Men’s U20 Volleyball Championship semi-finals


The 2022 Asian Men’s U20 Volleyball Championship is the 21st edition of the Asian Men’s Volleyball Championship, a biennial international volleyball tournament organized by the Asian Volleyball Confederation (AVC) with Bahrain Volleyball Association (BVA).

The tournament is being held in BFH, Bahrain, from August 22 to 27.

This tournament serves as qualification tournament for 2023 FIVB Volleyball Men’s U20 World Championship.

The top two teams will book their places at the World Championship.

Iran beat Japan at FIBA World Cup 2023 qualifier

TEHRAN – Iran started the Second Round of the FIBA Basketball World Cup 2023 Asian Qualifiers with a win over Japan on Thursday.

Iran fed off a determined Japan side to get a 76-68 win on their home court.

The game turned into a shootout between the two stars off the team, Behnam Yakhchalizadeh from Iran and Yuuki Kadokida from Japan.

Yakhchalizadeh won the game and the individual matchup by scoring 35 points to 26 in Japan.

The game started with a slow start in the second quarter and even though they were able to make a solid fourth quarter push, it was not enough for Kadokida also had a big game with 13 points, 10 rebounds, and 4 assists. Behnam Yakhchalizadeh added 13 points and 17 rebounds.

Iran are scheduled to play the Boomers four days later in Bendigo, Australia.

Similar to the 2019 FIBA Basketball World Cup qualification, the format will be six windows over a period of 17 months with a draw next August.

The World Cup is scheduled to be held in Sydney in 2023.

Iran rout Qatar in 2022 FIBA U18 Asian Championship

TEHRAN – Iran defeated Qatar 82-45 in the 2022 FIBA U18 Asian Championship in the 8–9th place classification on Friday.

Mohsen Asgari Nia scored 18 points for Iran, while Hamad Al-Dhahabi from Qatar with 15 points.

Iran will play the Philippines on Sunday for the 5th place, while Qatar meet Chinese Taipei to finish seventh.

The 2022 FIBA U18 Asian Championship is an ongoing international U18 basketball competition that is currently held in Tehran. Iran from Aug 21 to 28.

China, Japan, South Korea and Lebanon have already qualified for the 2023 FIBA U19 Basketball World Cup in Hungary.

This is the third time that Iran has hosted the tournament after hosting the 2006 and 2016 editions.

Iran move up one place in FIFA Ranking

TEHRAN – Iran national football team moved up one place in the FIFA world ranking released on Thursday.

In the Top 50, almost nothing has changed from the previous edition. Brazil, Argentina and Portugal still occupy the podium places, while their immediate pursuers remain in the same order they were in June.

Only Iran (22nd, plus 7) and FIFA World Cup hosts Qatar (48th, plus 1) move up one place above.

The next FIFA World Ranking will be published on Oct 6.

Senegalese federation confirms friendly with Iran

TEHRAN – Senegal football federation has confirmed the friendly match with Iran, scheduled for late September.

Dragan Skočić’s team will play the Asian team in Paris before the World Cup in Qatar on Sept. 27.

The Persians are supposed to play Uruguay in Austria on Aug. 31, three days earlier.

Iran have been drawn in Group B along with England, Wales and the U.S. in the 2022 FIFA World Cup.

Senegalise are in Group A along hosts Qatar, the Netherlands and Ecuador.

Iran U.S. to renew rivalry at World Wrestling Championships

TEHRAN – The Iranian and the U.S. wrestlers will renew their rivalry in the 2022 World Wrestling Championships. Iran finished third in Oslo, Norway six points behind the U.S. A few months after it may also see a new chapter added to them in Belgrade, Serbia.

More than 800 wrestlers will arrive in Belgrade to compete at the World Wrestling Championships beginning September 10 at the Stark Arena, UWW's arena.

The tournament will kick off with Greco- Roman as Iran looks to win the team title it missed in Oslo. The field includes stars from Iran, Georgia, the Republic of Azerbaijan and Turkey.

Iran to play Japan at 2022 AFC Cup for Women QF

TEHRAN – Iran lost to China 3-1 (26-24, 25-19, 25-10, 25-13) in Pool A of the preliminary round of the 2022 AFC Cup for Women on Thursday.

China recorded 39 points, all scorers on the field with 25 points (23 attacks and 2 service winners).

"A is good a team, and it was not easy to play against them and that’s why we prepared very well for this match. We know how they move, how they play," said Wang Yifan.

As the top-ranked team in Pool A, China will face Australia in the quarterfinals, scheduled on Saturday at the Phisports Arena, while Iran play Japan.

Esteghlal edge Mes Kerman at Azadi Stadium

TEHRAN – Esteghlal football team edged out Mes Kerman 1-0 on Matchday 3 of Professional League (IPL) on Saturday.

Kevin Yanga scored the solitary goal in the 79th minute.

This was Esteghlal’s second win in three matches in the game which was attended by the women fans as well.

In Isfahan, Zob Ahan and Mes Rafsanjan shared the spoils in a goalless draw and Paykan defeated a 1-0 away win over Naft Masjed Kerman at Azadi Stadium.

The Straight Truth

AUGUST 27, 2022

TEHRAN - The next FIFA World Ranking will be published on Oct 6.

The men’s ranking will be published on Oct. 10.

The top 10 teams will remain in the same order they were in June.

In the Top 50, almost nothing has changed from the previous edition. Brazil, Argentina and Portugal still occupy the podium places, while their immediate pursuers remain in the same order they were in June.

Only Iran (22nd, plus 7) and FIFA World Cup hosts Qatar (48th, plus 1) move up one place above.

The next FIFA World Ranking will be published on Oct 6.
Iran to sign gas swap deal with Russia in near future: Oji

TEHRAN – Iranian Oil Minister Javad Oji has announced that a gas purchase and swap deal will be signed between the Islamic Republic of the Russian Federation in the very near future. Shana reported: “The negotiations for the purchase and swap deal with Russia have been finalized and [the contract] will be signed in the near future in Moscow between the National Iranian Gas Company and the Russian side. Oji said referring to a meeting with Igor Yevgenyevich Levitin, the First Deputy of the President of the Russian Federation in Tehran on Wednesday.”

Negotiations were also held regarding the swap of petroleum products. He added: “Iran and Russia have exchanged their lists of the swap goods, which will be beneficial for the development of swap between the two sides.”

According to Q5, during the meeting with Levitin, the two sides followed up on previous agreements in the fields of energy and rail transportation and discussed ways of expanding cooperation in the mentioned areas. In the transportation sector, discussions were held regarding the Russian project of laying a new line from Astara railway and the signaling of the Garmsar-Inche Boran railway line.

He noted that Russian banks are going to finance the said projects, saying: “Since the senior side of the Russian president has full authority these projects will be operational soon.” Referring to the signing of a $40 billion memorandum of understanding (MOU) with large Russian banks, Oji said: “We have contracts with Russia for the development of new oil and gas fields, which have a progress of between 10 percent and 30 percent, and negotiations are underway for 16 other fields.”

He went on to say that the meeting of the Iran-Russia Joint Economic Committee will be held in two months in Moscow and negotiations on various issues including energy, transportation, and trade will be followed up in that meeting.

Referring to the fact that Russia is committed to financing $5 billion in Iran’s development and infrastructure projects, Oji continued: “Some $2.5 billion have been already allocated and the funds are being used in power plants projects. We also determined the projects for the rest of the mentioned funds which contracts will be signed soon.”

Emphasizing that the cooperation between Iran and Pakistan, United Arab Emirates (UAE), and Russia in the petrochemical sector, some contracts have been signed for the exports of products and catalysts to Russia.

The official further noted that Iran has reached agreements with Russian companies for the improvement of the South Pars gas field, saying: “Another issue which was discussed with the NGDI signed with Russian companies is increasing the pressure in the South Pars gas field, since the Russians have good capabilities in this area.”

Export from Tehran province rises 33% in 4 months yr/yr

TEHRAN – Export from Tehran province increased 33.79 percent in the first four months of the current Iranian calendar year (March 21-July 22), as compared to the same period of the past year, a provincial official announced.

Hassan Mirzaei, an official of the province’s Industry, Mining, and Trade Department, said: “We are going to finance the said projects, indicating a 75 percent rise in terms of value compared to the last year’s same span. In total, the Islamic Republic traded about 46.81 million tons of non-oil goods worth $34.98 billion with its trade partners in the first four months of the current Iranian calendar year, 14 percent in terms of value, the IRICA data showed. Iran’s top export destination during this period was China with $5.07 billion worth of imports from the said country followed by India with $2.98 billion, the United Arab Emirates (UAE) with over $2.04 billion, Turkey with $2.06 billion, and India with $1.67 billion. Meanwhile, some 22,375 tons of iron, iron and steel, and light oil products were among the top exported items in the said period.”

Meanwhile, the country’s top five sources of imports during these four months were the UAE with $4.89 billion, China with $4.42 billion, Turkey with $1.78 billion, India with $1.50 billion, and Iran with $599 million worth of imports.
The Pentagon's acting Inspector General has had a difficult task in recent months. The IG's office will be looking into the accusations that have been levied against him by some European allies, though it's too early to talk about the specifics of what they might be investigating. Washington has also been criticized for the scope of which will only increase.

Soaring wholesale gas costs have been fueled by the fighting in Europe. The energy crisis is compounding the cost of living crisis, the energy crisis, and the living crisis in Russia. Russian officials have been criticized for the way they have handled the situation, with many saying that the government's response has been too slow and too ineffective.

Russian authorities have been accused of allowing the weapon to go unchallenged, with some saying that the Russian government's response has been too weak. The situation is complex, with many factors at play, and it remains to be seen how the situation will develop.

In another desperate attempt, some have tried to do the same, but they have been unable to prevent the consequences of the policy that they're so determined to avoid. The policy in question is the one implemented by the United States and its European allies to impose sanctions on Russia.

The United States and its European allies have been putting pressure on Russia to end the fighting in Ukraine. They have no idea how much pain will be caused by the imposition of sanctions. The US and its allies believe that sanctions will be effective in bringing about a change in Russia's behavior.

The situation is complex, with many factors at play, and it remains to be seen how the situation will develop. The US and its allies believe that sanctions will be effective in bringing about a change in Russia's behavior. They have also been putting pressure on other countries to impose similar sanctions, and it remains to be seen how effective these efforts will be.
Iran eyes UNESCO tag for ancient Seymareh

TEHRAN—The provincial government of Kordestan welcomes and supports private sector investors in water tourism, planning the provincial tourism chief has said.

“As part of Kordestan’s water tourism development, the province will undertake projects that are welcomed and supported,” CHTN quoted Arman Vatandoust as saying on Friday.

“The province has some of the most beautiful historical monuments and tourist attractions. Kordestan province is very well suited to develop water tourism, the official added.

There is a very good potential in water tourism at the Garan Dam in Marivan, which is one of the province’s important water resources.

By investing in and implementing tourism projects in this region, some obstacles and problems will be reduced, more tourists will be attracted, and the people’s livelihood will be improved, he said.

Despite its arid climate, Iran’s tourism sector has tried to boost hydro tourism or water tourism in recent years.

This branch of tourism involves traveling to places specifically to take part in water-based activities. Some individuals who do not wish to participate in water-related activities embark on water tourism trips so that they can visit tourist sites that sit downstream of water such as lakes, rivers, dams, oceans, etc.

While water tourism often includes active doses, some water tourists visit sandstone islands and shore regions to join more passive pursuits such as dining or swimming. Travel businesses organize tours of coral reefs and arrange for local tour guides to provide excursions on which travelers can take part while learning to fish or swim, diving or exploring with scuba equipment.

Water trips occasionally involve islands destination—such as lakes and rivers. Holdyakans can sail or swim on lakes while many rivers are usually too shallow for rafting. Additionally, some leisure operators use water parks that contain various water slides, and areas for jumping into the water.

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The museum will feature exhibits on the historic periods of ancient Iran, Iran in the Islamic era and Iran during the Islamic Revolutions. Mohammad-Hossein Rabjai-Davarsi said on Wednesday.

“A major goal of the foundation is to promote and introduce Iran’s rich history and culture throughout the country in a variety of fields and eras, he noted.

Ancient Iran, also known as Persia, historical name of the whole Iranian plateau.

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Based on ancient writing systems will meet with researchers, whether Desset is right or wrong, it’s important to have a framework known as “Linear Elamite” writing system.

That makes it the oldest of its kind in the world, and changes our view of the nature of the writing system.

Researchers quickly realized that the Linear Elamite writing system consists of only 70 percent phonetic (or “word signs,” represent a whole word) and 30 percent logographic characters.

Perched on a rocky slope overlooking the Iranian Strait, Laft has a wonderfully photogenic backdrop of mountains (wind-tow merchant ships) and minarets. Laft is one of the best places in Iran to encounter the fast-disappearing traditional culture of the Persian Gulf.

Laft was registered on the national heritage list in 1996 as part of the ancient handicrafts tradition, which is one of the ancient handicrafts traditions traditionally practiced by tribemen in Iran’s Chaharma-Bakhtiar province.

The method of weaving the mats was recently highlighted by a local漾, who has been weaving the mats for three generations in Laft.

This method of weaving the mats is an ancient tradition of the province of Hormozgan. The mats are woven from cotton yarns, which have not changed from ancient times.

The province is also a hub for making wool felt products, majorly of which are exported abroad. It is home to some 500 crafters, in over 250 workshops, making handmade felt products. TEHRAN—A museum focusing on Iran’s Islamic era has been installed in the near future, the head of Iran’s tourism ministry said in the provincial tourism chief has said.

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Law on protection, sustainable exploitation of wildlife

The new law on the protection and sustainable exploitation of wildlife focuses on important and fundamental principles such as the protection of the habitat and wildlife and biological resources, the use of public participation and non-governmental capacities, the regulation of basic wildlife exploitation rules, reforming and revising the criminal law on the wildlife exploitation case, affecting nature and wildlife.

The law aims to reduce the number of animal species and victimless crimes and in the protection of habitats and wildlife, organizing trade of species, dealing with invasive species have also been considered as the main articles of the law.

Persian species in danger

Iran has a high diversity of species due to geographical conditions, climate diversity, huge water resources of the Caspian Sea in the north and the Persian Gulf and the Sea of Oman in the south.

According to the latest studies, about 1,300 species of vertebrates, including mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, and aquatic fish, 70,000 species of invertebrates, and 800,000 species of plants have been identified in the country.

Unfortunately, over the past two decades, human activities have led to the alarming degradation of ecosystems, and the deletion of genes, species, and biological capacities. Human threats to biodiversity have accelerated the most over the past 50 years, and one of the most important threats to human life.

Out of 35,000 species of animals in the country, 150 of which are endangered and threatened, Hassan Aklabi, deputy head of natural environment and biodiversity of the Department of Environment, said in December 2021.

Ways to prevent poaching, habitat destruction

Khorshid Moradi, head of the department of environment in Khorasan province, said that by implementing long-term training programs, people’s recognition of threats to wildlife must be changed in order to take effective measures to preserve the biodiversity and wildlife.

Habitats and wildlife in most parts of the world are in poor condition, and regarding the current condition of habitats and wildlife, we must boldly say that a large population of different species are declining and even endangered, he further lamented.

Reducing the number of animal species would reduce their genetic diversity, and this will greatly reduce the wildlife’s resistance to diseases, and natural and man-made phenomena, he highlighted.

The best way to reduce the threat to wildlife is to protect the natural habitats, which are the most important mechanisms to continuously educate local communities and improve the economic situation of locals by generating alternative income to prevent poaching and habitat destruction, he suggested.
Prayer Time

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Subscription & Distribution Dept.: Tel: (+98 21) 4305500
Public Relations Office: Tel: (+98 21) 8880807

No. 26x944 to 180x760

Painting

An exhibition of paintings by Niki Fallahfar is currently underway at Sohrab Gallery.

Sadeq Tabrizi, Manucher Motabar and Ardeshir Mohasses is such as Ahmad Esfandiari, Parvaneh Etemadi, Aidin Aghdashlu, Nilufar Heidari is the curator of the exhibit, which will run until September 6 at the gallery located at 5 Salmas Square, off 5, 13th St., Karim Khan Ave.

* An exhibition of sculptures by Setareh Adibi is currently underway at Sherkat Gallery.

Winners was an audience award at Edinburgh Intl. Film Festival.

Winners is also called the wing script (qalam al-janah).

* An exhibition of paintings by Sogol Ahadi and Nasim Shoja are on view in an exhibition at Mohsen Gallery.

* Paintings by Sepide Afshari and Naxam Stope are on view in an exhibition at Niloufar Gallery.

* A group of children is showcasing their paintings in an exhibition named "Concern" will be running until September 23 at the gallery located at 6 Bidar St., off Fereshteh St.

* Maryam Behnam is showing a collection of her latest paintings in an exhibition named "Dinamih" at Atia Gallery.


* An exhibition of paintings by Niki Fallahfar is currently underway at Dehste Barev Gallery.

* "Time Travelling with a Hamster" by the English children’s science-fiction and fantasy author Ross Welford, has been published in Persian.

* The letters, though small and short, are fully shaped and in that respect fascinating. Interleaving (takhadom) was not customary in reqa, except when unavoidable, and regular spacing and consistent shaping of letters and letter combinations were in general strictly maintained, but even so some of the words in old reqa manuscripts seem overly cramped. Harakat and ornamental frills were not normally used with reqa, and when harakat were required they were kept to a minimum.

Westford was born in Cullercoats, a small seaside town in the northeast of England. It appears in his book "Culvercot."

Welford decided to work in it today.

After university, he moved to London and became a journalist and then, after a few years, a television producer.

He worked on many well-known shows, including Animal farm, which was later turned into a feature film, before returning to his television career as a producer and director.

Some of his other credits include writing and producing for a range of television shows, including Little Britain, as well as working on a number of magazine and book projects.

Iranian calligraphy (khattati, khoshnevisi)


tajal. Darv-e jali (line 1), by Hashem-Mohammad Khattat, and Darv-e khafi (line 2) by dust sad-dini

What’s in Tehran art galleries

Painting

* Paintings by Sepide Afshari and Naxam Stope are on view in an exhibition at Niloufar Gallery.

Our affairs are attached to the destiny decreed by Allah, even our best plans may lead us to destruction.

Imam Ali (AS)

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